GARMIN

G1000™

cockpit reference guide
for the Mooney M20M & M20R

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This manual reflects the operation of System Software version 0424.10 or later for the Mooney M20M and M20R. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to earlier or later software versions.

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WARNING: *Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain function. The G1000 Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The Terrain Proximity feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance and is not certified for use in applications requiring a certified terrain awareness system. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.*

WARNING: *The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.*

WARNING: *The altitude calculated by G1000 GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters, such as the GDC 74A Air Data Computer, or other altimeters in aircraft. GPS altitude should never be used for vertical navigation. Always use pressure altitude displayed by the G1000 PFD or other pressure altimeters in aircraft.*

WARNING: *The Jeppesen database used in the G1000 system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that its information remains current. Updates are released every 28 days. A database information packet is included in the G1000 package. Pilots using an outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.*

WARNING: *The basemap (land and water data) must not be used for navigation, but rather only for non-navigational situational awareness. Any basemap indication should be compared with other navigation sources.*

WARNING: *Traffic information shown on the G1000 Multi Function Display is provided as an aid in visually acquiring traffic. Pilots must maneuver the aircraft based only upon ATC guidance or positive visual acquisition of conflicting traffic.*

WARNING: *Use of the Stormscope interface for hazardous weather penetration is prohibited. Weather information on the G1000 MFD is approved only for weather avoidance, not penetration.*

WARNING: *Use of the GDL 69 Weather Interface for hazardous weather penetration is prohibited. Weather information provided by the GDL 69 is approved only for weather avoidance, not penetration.*

WARNING: *NEXRAD weather data is to be used for long-range planning purposes only. Due to inherent delays in data transmission and the relative age of the data, NEXRAD weather data should not be used for short-range weather avoidance.*

WARNING: *The Garmin G1000, as installed in the Mooney M20M and M20R aircraft, has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or self-test capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the G1000. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.*

WARNING: *For safety reasons, G1000 operational procedures must be learned on the ground.*

WARNING: *The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the Garmin G1000 utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the G1000 can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.*

WARNING: *To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the G1000 Pilot's Guide documentation and the G1000 Flight Manual Supplement. Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the G1000 to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.*

WARNING: *The illustrations in this guide are only examples. Never use the G1000 to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Airman's Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radar echo."*

CAUTION: *The GDU 1040 PFD and MFD displays use a lens coated with a special anti-reflective coating that is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes, and abrasive cleaners. CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA WILL HARM THE ANTI-REFLECTIVE COATING. It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth and an eyeglass lens cleaner that is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings.*

CAUTION: *The Garmin G1000 does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.*

NOTE: *When using Stormscope, there are several atmospheric phenomena in addition to nearby thunderstorms that can cause isolated discharge points in the strike display mode. However, clusters of two or more discharge points in the strike display mode do indicate thunderstorm activity if these points reappear after the screen has been cleared.*

NOTE: *All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the G1000 panel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current G1000 system. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.*

NOTE: *This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

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Part Number	Change Summary
190-00450-01	Reformat of manual. Added WX 500 Stormscope Added XM Weather Added ADF/DME Added extended range fuel tanks Changes in EIS softkey labels

Revision	Date of Revision	Affected Pages	Description
A	5/25/05	i-Index-2	Initial release

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SECTION 1: SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The purpose of this Cockpit Reference Guide is to provide the pilot a resource with which to find operating instructions on the major features of the G1000 system more easily. **It is not intended to be a comprehensive operating guide.** Complete operating procedures for the complete system are found in the following documents:

- G1000 Primary Flight Display Pilot's Guide
- G1000 VHF NAV/COM Pilot's Guide
- G1000 Transponder Pilot's Guide
- G1000 GMA 1347 Audio Panel Pilot's Guide and Supplement
- G1000 Engine Indication System Pilot's Guide
- G1000 Multi Function Display Pilot's Guide
- G1000 Optional Equipment Addendum

This guide gives the pilot abbreviated operating instructions for the Primary Flight Display (PFD), Multi Function Display (MFD), and the GMA 1347 Audio Panel System.

NOTE: *The pilot should read and thoroughly understand the Mooney M20M/M20R Aircraft Flight Manual Supplement (AFMS) for limitations, procedures and operational information not contained in this Cockpit Reference Guide. The Mooney M20M/M20R Aircraft Flight Manual Supplement always takes precedence over the information found in this guide.*

1.1 PFD/MFD CONTROLS

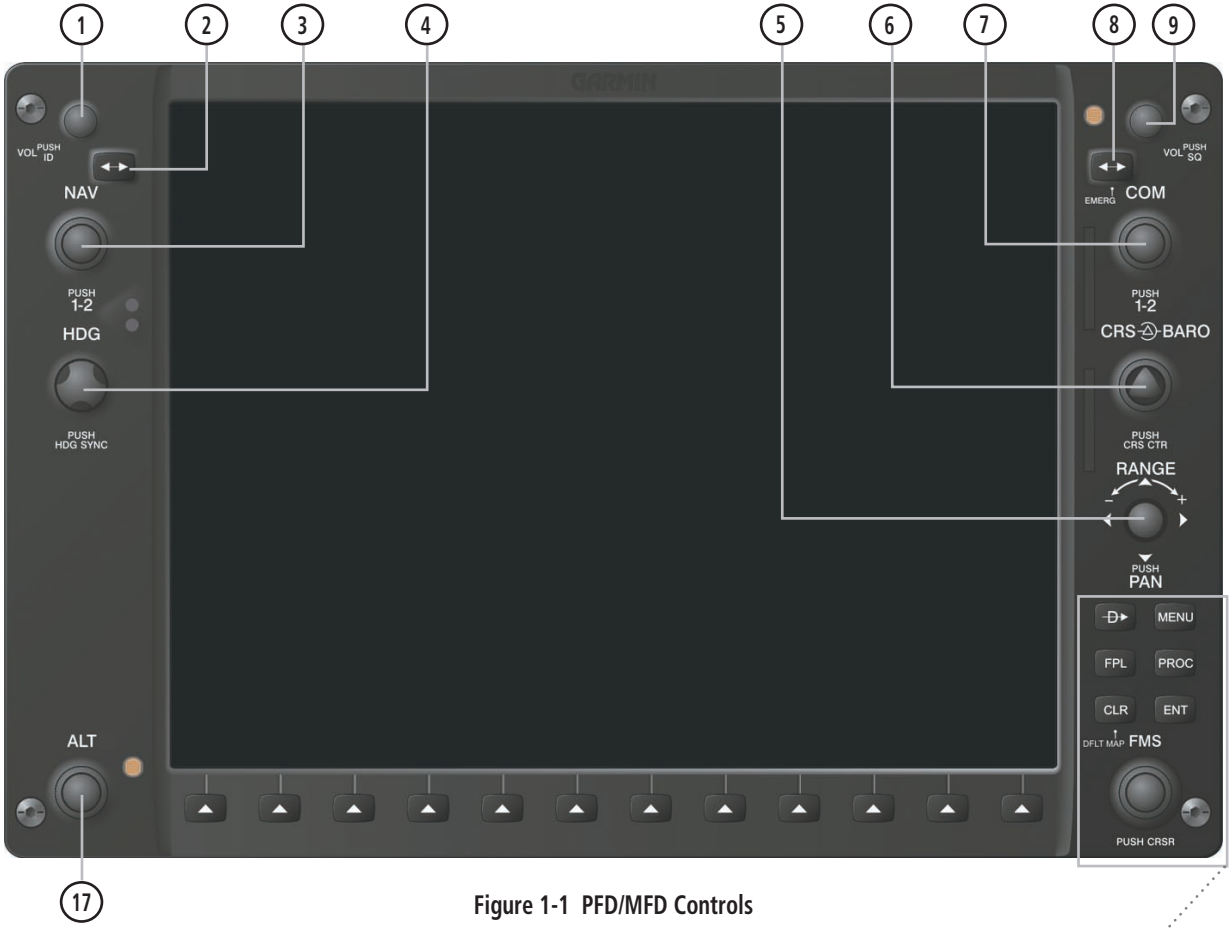
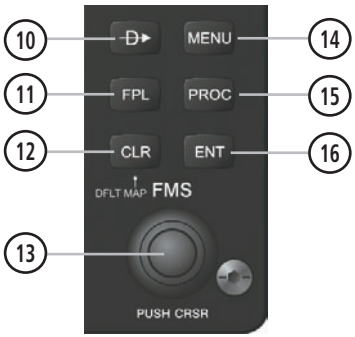


Figure 1-1 PFD/MFD Controls



(1) NAV VOL/ID Knob – Controls the NAV audio level. Press to toggle the Morse code identifier ON and OFF. Volume level is shown in the field as a percentage.

(2) NAV Frequency Toggle Key – Toggles the standby and active NAV frequencies.

(3) Dual NAV Knob – Tunes the MHz (large knob) and kHz (small knob) standby frequencies for the NAV receiver. Press to toggle the tuning cursor (light blue box) between the NAV1 and NAV2 fields.

(4) Heading Knob – Turn to manually select a heading on the HSI. When pressed, it synchronizes the heading bug with the compass lubber line.

(5) Joystick – Changes the map range when rotated. Activates the map pointer when pressed.

(6) CRS/BARO Knob – The **large** knob sets the altimeter barometric pressure and the **small** knob adjusts the course. The course is only adjustable when the HSI is in VOR1, VOR2, or OBS/SUSP mode. Pressing this knob centers the CDI on the currently selected VOR.

(7) Dual COM Knob – Tunes the MHz (large knob) and kHz (small knob) standby frequencies for the COM transceiver. Pressing this knob toggles the tuning cursor (light blue box) between the COM1 and COM2 fields.

(8) COM Frequency Toggle Key – Toggles the standby and active COM frequencies. Pressing and holding this key for two seconds automatically tunes the emergency frequency (121.5 MHz) in the active frequency field.

(9) COM VOL/SQ Knob – Controls COM audio level. Pressing this knob turns the COM automatic squelch ON and OFF. Audio volume level is shown in the field as a percentage.

(10) Direct-to Key – Allows the user to enter a destination waypoint and establish a direct course to the selected destination (specified by the identifier, chosen from the active route, or taken from the map cursor position).

(11) FPL Key – Displays the active Flight Plan Page for creating and editing the active flight plan, or for accessing stored flight plans.

(12) CLR Key (DFLT MAP) – Erases information, cancels an entry, or removes page menus. To display the Navigation Map Page immediately, press and hold **CLR** (MFD only).

(13) Dual FMS Knob – Used to select the page to be viewed (only on the MFD). The **large** knob selects a page group (MAP, WPT, AUX, NRST), while the **small** knob selects a specific page within the page group. Pressing the **small** knob turns the selection cursor ON and OFF.

(14) MENU Key – Displays a context-sensitive list of options. This list allows the user to access additional features, or to make setting changes that relate to certain pages.

(15) PROC Key – Selects approaches, departures and arrivals from the flight plan. If a flight plan is used, available procedures for the departure and/or arrival airport are automatically suggested. If a flight plan is not used, the desired airport and the desired procedure may be selected. This key selects IFR departure procedures (DPs), arrival procedures (STARs) and approaches (IAPs) from the database and loads them into the active flight plan.

(16) ENT Key – Accepts a menu selection or data entry. This key is used to approve an operation or complete data entry. It is also used to confirm selections and information entries.

(17) Dual ALT Knob – Sets the reference altitude in the box located above the Altimeter. The **large** knob selects the thousands, while the **small** knob selects the hundreds.

1.2 PFD SOFTKEYS

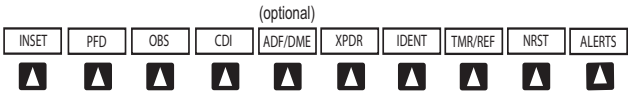


Figure 1-2 PFD Top Level Softkeys

INSET – Press to display the Inset Map in the lower left corner of the PFD.

OFF – Press to remove the Inset Map

DCLTR (3) – Press momentarily to select the desired amount of map detail. The declutter level appears adjacent to the **DCLTR** softkey.

- No declutter: All map features are visible
- Declutter – 1: Declutters land data
- Declutter – 2: Declutters land and SUA data
- Declutter – 3: Declutters large NAV data remaining (removes everything except the active flight plan)

TRAFFIC – Press to display TIS traffic on the map.

TOPO – Press to display topographical data (i.e., coastlines, terrain, rivers, lakes, etc.) and elevation scale on the inset map.

TERRAIN – Press to display terrain information on the inset map.

STRMSCP (optional) – Press to display the Stormscope lightning data on the inset map (within a 200 nm radius of the aircraft).

NEXRAD (optional) – Press to display NEXRAD precititation data on the inset map.

XM LTNG (optional) – Press to display the XM Radio lightning data on the inset map.

BACK – Press to return to the previous level softkey configuration.

PFD – Press to display the additional softkeys for additional configurations to the PFD.

METRIC – Press to display the current and reference altitudes in meters, in addition to feet. Pressing the metric softkey also changes the barometric setting to hectopascals.

DFLTS – Press to reset default settings on the PFD.

DME (optional) – Press to display the DME information window.

BRG1 (bearing) – Press to cycle through the following Nav sources, making the pointer the indicator for the corresponding source and displaying the the appropriate information.

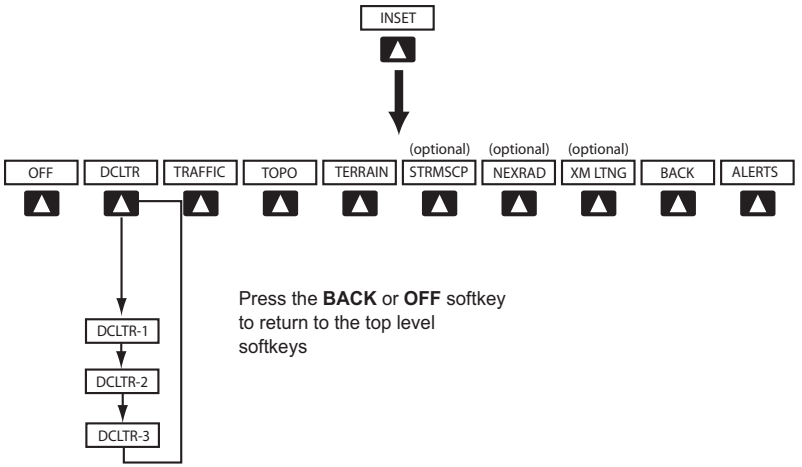


Figure 1-3 PFD Softkey Flow Chart – 1

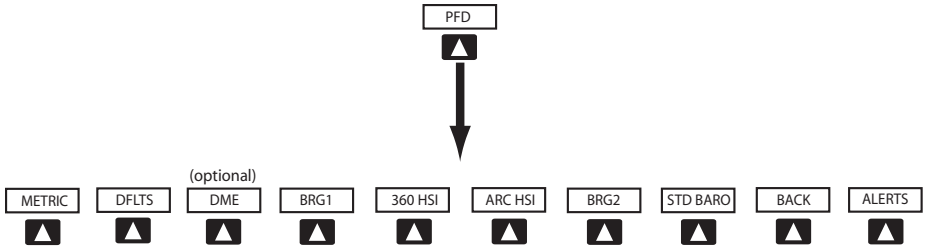


Figure 1-4 PFD Softkey Flow Chart – 2

NAV1 – Displays NAV1 waypoint frequency or identifier and DME information in the BRG1 information window.

GPS – Displays GPS waypoint identifier and GPS distance information in the BRG1 information window.

ADF – Displays ADF waypoint frequency in the BRG1 information window.

OFF – Removes the BRG1 information window.

360 HSI – Press to display the 360° compass rose.

ARC HSI – Press to display the 140° viewable arc.

BRG2 (bearing) – Press to cycle through the following Nav sources, making the pointer the indicator for the corresponding source and displaying the the appropriate information.

NAV2 – Displays NAV2 waypoint frequency or identifier and DME information in the BRG2 information window.

GPS – Displays GPS waypoint identifier and GPS distance information in the BRG2 information window.

ADF – Displays ADF waypoint frequency in the BRG2 information window.

OFF – Removes the BRG2 information window.

STD BARO – Press to set the barometric pressure to 29.92 inches of mercury (1013 hPa by pressing the **METRIC** softkey).

BACK – Press to return to the previous level softkeys.

OBS – Press to select OBS mode on the CDI when navigating by GPS (only available with active leg).

CDI – Press to change navigation mode on the CDI between GPS, VOR1 and VOR2.

ADF/DME (optional) – Press to display the ADF/DME Tuning window.

XPDR – Press to display the transponder mode selection softkeys.

STBY – Press to select standby mode.

ON – Press to select mode A.

ALT – Press to select altitude reporting mode.

VFR – Press to automatically squawk 1200 (only in the U.S.A., refer to ICAO standards for VFR codes in other countries).

CODE – Press to display transponder code selection softkeys 0-7.

0 through 7 – Press numbers to enter code.

IDENT – Press to provide special aircraft position identification to Air Traffic Control (ATC).

BKSP – Press to remove numbers entered one at a time.

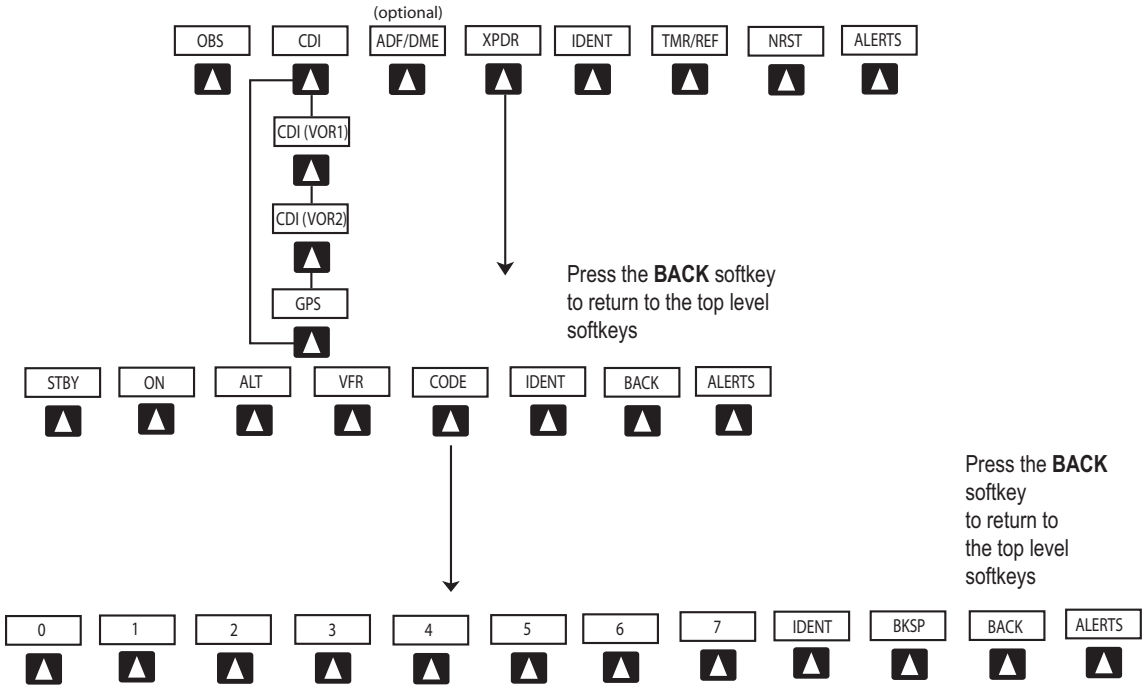


Figure 1-5 PFD Softkey Flow Chart – 3

BACK – Press to return to the previous level softkeys.

IDENT – Press to provide special aircraft position identification to Air Traffic Control (ATC).

BACK – Press to return to the previous level softkeys.

IDENT – Press to provide special aircraft position identification to Air Traffic Control (ATC).

TMR/REF – Press to display the Timer/References window.

NRST – Press to display the Nearest Airports window.

ALERTS – Press to display the Alerts window.

1.3 MFD SOFTKEYS

ENGINE – Pressing this softkey makes available the **LEAN** and **SYSTEM** softkeys which in turn access the Lean Page and the System Page, respectively.

MAP – pressing this softkey enables the following softkeys:

TRAFFIC – pressing this softkey displays/removes Traffic on the Navigation Map.

TOPO – pressing this softkey displays or removes topographic information on the Navigation Map.

TERRAIN – pressing this softkey displays/removes terrain and obstacle data on the Navigation Map.

STRMSCP (optional) – pressing this softkey displays/removes Stormscope lightning data on the Navigation Map.

NEXRAD (optional) – pressing this softkey displays/removes precipitation data on the Navigation Map.

XM LTNG (optional) – pressing this softkey displays/removes XM Radio lightning data on the Navigation Map.

BACK – pressing this softkey displays the ENGINE and MAP top level softkeys.

DCLTR (declutter) – pressing this softkey removes map information in three levels.

CHKLIST (checklist)(optional) – pressing the **CHKLIST** softkey displays the Checklist Page.

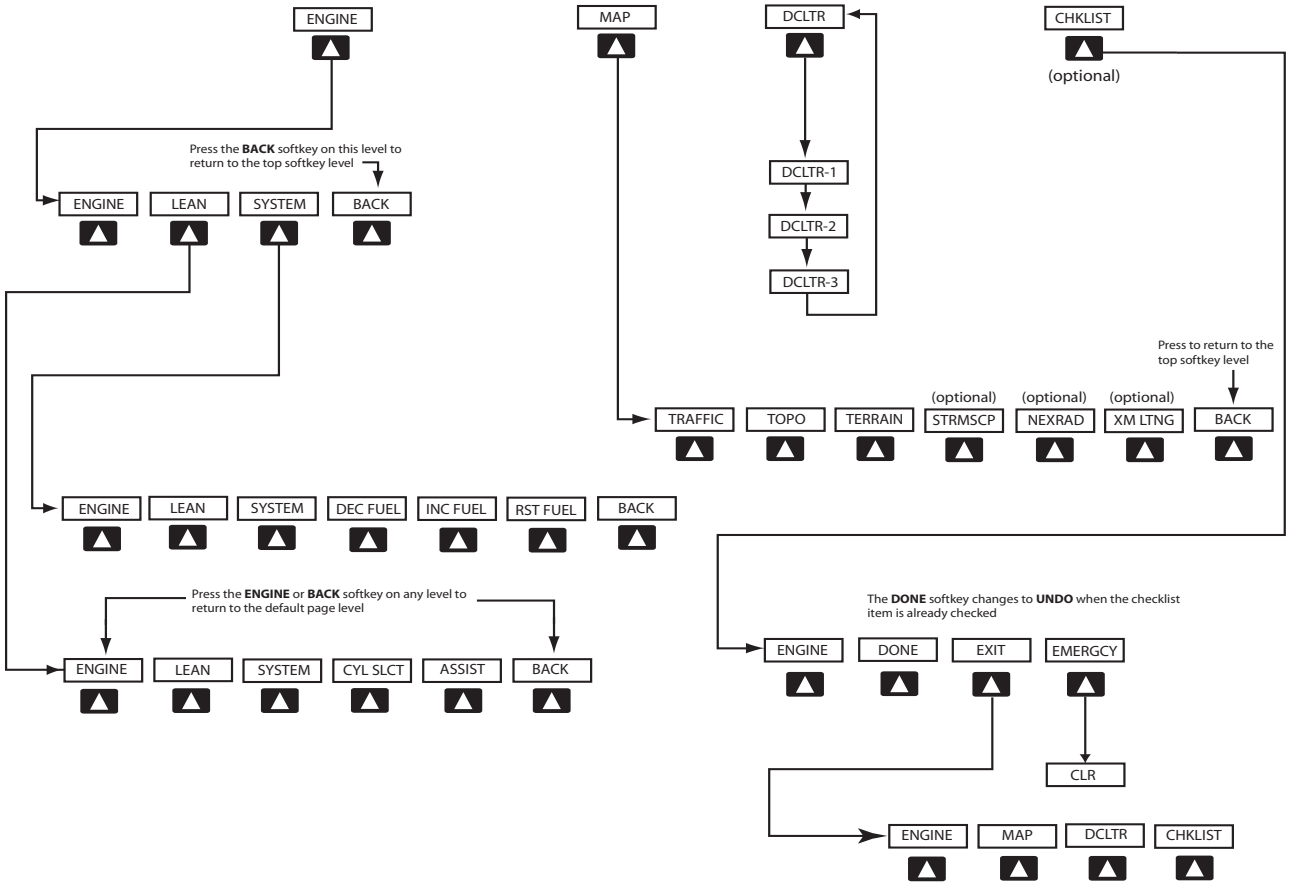


Figure 1-6 MFD Softkeys

1.4 MFD PAGE GROUPS

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob until the desired page group is selected.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select pages within the group. See Figure 1-7.

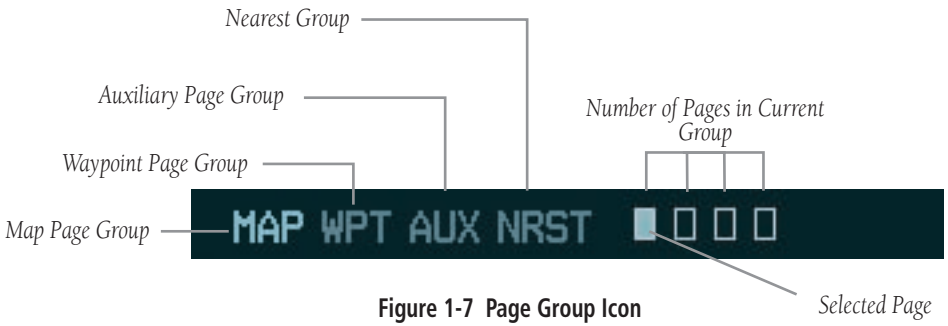


Figure 1-7 Page Group Icon

1.5 BACKLIGHTING

To manually adjust the backlight for the PFD and MFD:

1. Press the **MENU** key on the PFD to display the PFD Setup Menu window.
2. Press the **small FMS** knob to activate the cursor. 'PFD DSPL > AUTO' is now highlighted.
3. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display the selection window.
4. Turn either **FMS** knob to select 'MANUAL', then press the **ENT** key.
5. With the intensity value now highlighted, turn the **small FMS** knob to select the desired backlighting.
6. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'MFD DSPL > AUTO' and repeat steps 3 through 5.

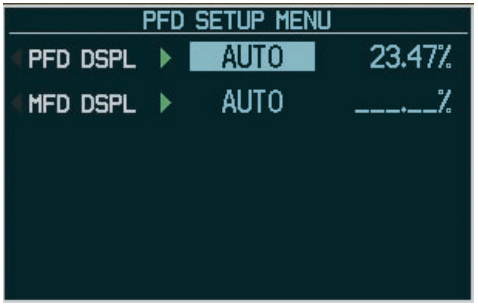
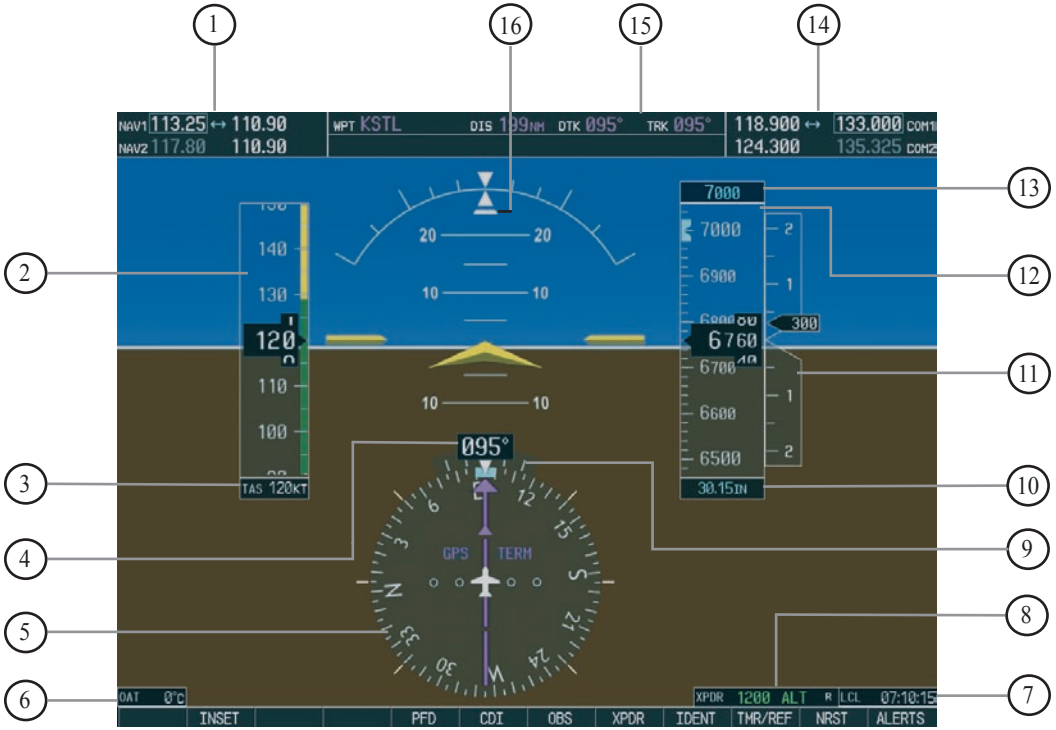


Figure 1-8 PFD Setup Menu Window

SECTION 2: FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS



1. NAV Frequency Window
2. Airspeed Indicator
3. True Airspeed Box
4. Heading Box
5. Horizontal Situation Indicator
6. Outside Air Temperature Box
7. System Time Box
8. Transponder Status Bar
9. Turn Rate Indicator
10. Barometric Setting Box
11. Vertical Speed Indicator
12. Altimeter
13. Altitude Reference Box
14. COM Frequency Window
15. Navigation Status Bar
16. Slip/Skid Indicator

Figure 2-1 Default PFD Information

1. Traffic Annunciation
2. Selected Heading Box
3. Inset Map
4. BRG1 Information Window
5. DME Information Window
6. BRG2 Information Window
7. Alerts Window
8. Selected Course Box
9. Vertical Deviation/Glideslope Indicator
10. Marker Beacon Annunciation

Figure 2-2 Additional PFD Information

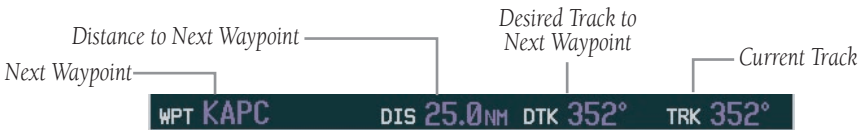


Figure 2-3 PFD Navigation Status Window

2.1 AIRSPEED INDICATOR

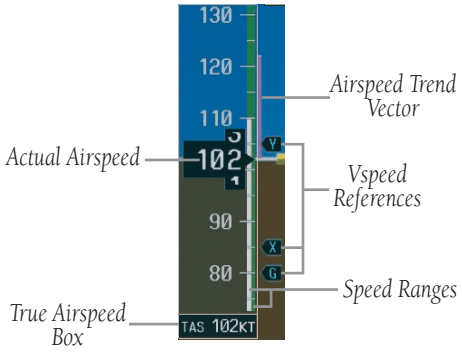


Figure 2-4 Airspeed Indicator

Speed Indication

The indicated airspeed is displayed inside the black pointer. The pointer will become red upon reaching Vne.

Figure 2-5 Red Pointer at Vne

Speed Ranges

The color coded speed range strip denotes flaps operating range, normal operating range, and never exceed speed (Vne). A red range is also present for low speed awareness. Refer to the Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) for airspeed limitations and indicator markings.

Airspeed Trend Vector

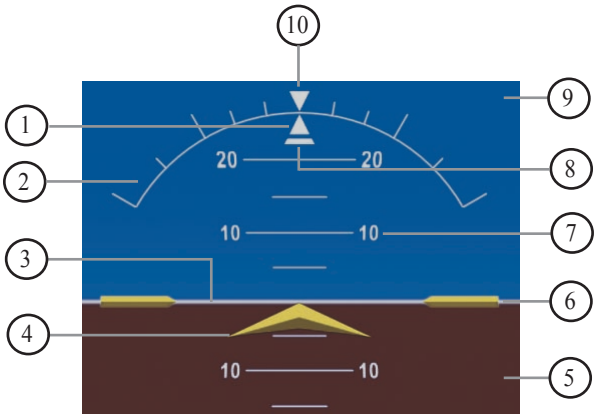
The end of the trend vector displays approximately what the airspeed will be in 6 seconds if the current rate of acceleration/decelaration is maintained.

Vspeed References

Vspeeds are set using the **TMR/REF** softkey. Glide, Vr, Vx and Vy are shown on the References window. When active (ON), the Vspeeds are displayed at their respective locations to the right of the airspeed scale.

2.2 ATTITUDE INDICATOR

The Slip/Skid Indicator is located under the roll pointer and moves laterally away from the pointer to indicate lateral acceleration. One Slip/Skid indicator displacement is equal to one ball displacement when compared to a traditional slip/skid indicator.



1. Roll Pointer
2. Roll Scale
3. Horizon Line
4. Aircraft Symbol
5. Land Representation
6. Aircraft Wing Tips
7. Pitch Scale
8. Slip/Skid Indicator
9. Sky Representation
10. Roll Index

Figure 2-6 Attitude Indicator

2.3 ALTIMETER

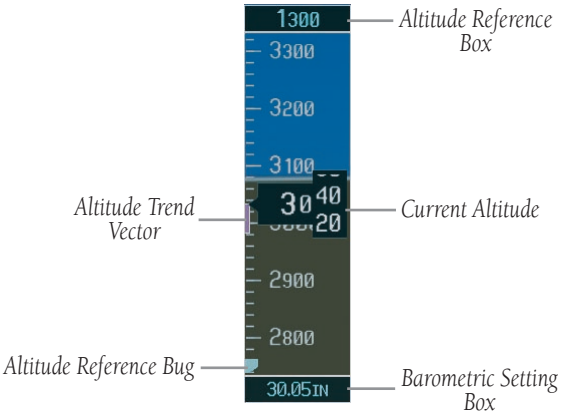


Figure 2-7 Altimeter

Altitude Reference Bug

The Altitude Reference Bug can be set to any desired altitude. The bug acts as a visual reference to indicate the desired altitude is approaching.

To set the altitude reference bug:

1. Turn the **ALT** knobs to set the altitude reference bug. The **small ALT** knob sets the hundreds and the **large ALT** knob sets the thousands. This altitude also appears in the altitude reference box above the altimeter.

Altitude Trend Vector

The end of the trend vector displays approximately what the altitude will be in 6 seconds if the current rate of vertical speed is maintained.

Barometric Setting Box

To set barometric pressure, turn the **BARO** knob to select the desired setting.

2.4 VERTICAL DEVIATION/GLIDESLOPE INDICATOR

The Vertical Deviation/Glideslope Indicator appears when an ILS is tuned in the active NAV field.

2.5 MARKER BEACON ANNUNCIATIONS

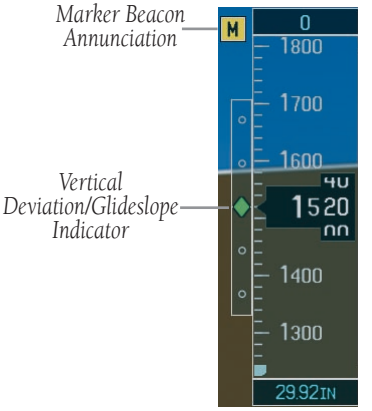


Figure 2-8 Marker Beacon and Vertical Deviation

2.6 VERTICAL SPEED INDICATOR

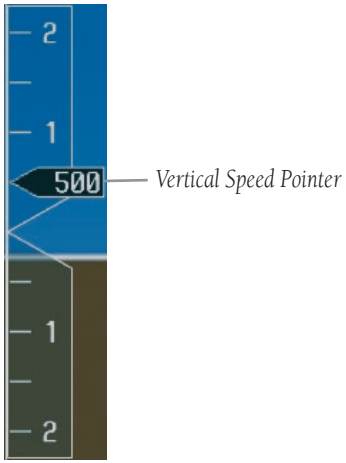
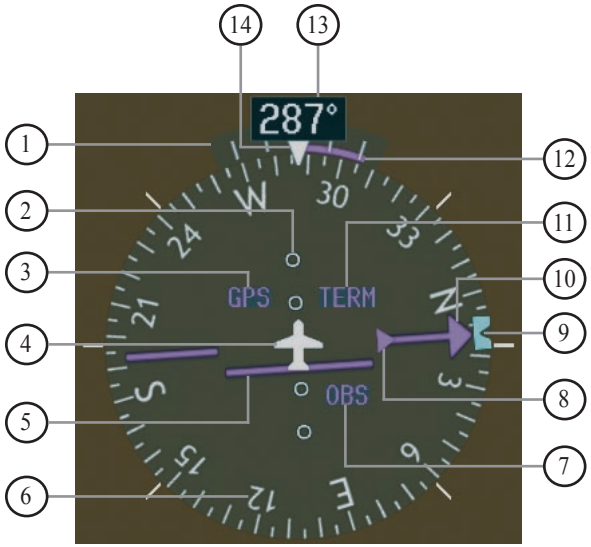


Figure 2-9 Vertical Speed Indicator

2.7 HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATOR (HSI)

The HSI compass can be displayed as a 360° rose or 140° arc by pressing the **PFD** softkey, followed by the **360 HSI** or the **ARC HSI** softkey.



1. Turn Rate Indicator
2. Lateral Deviation Scale
3. Navigation Source
4. Aircraft Symbol
5. Course Deviation Indicator
6. Rotating Compass Rose
7. OBS Mode
8. TO/FROM Indicator
9. Heading Bug
10. Course Pointer
11. Flight Phase
12. Turn Rate and Heading Trend Vector
13. Heading
14. Lubber Line

Figure 2-10 Horizontal Situation Indicator

Turn Rate Indicator and Heading Trend Vector

Each tick mark is at 9 (half standard rate tick mark) and 18 (standard rate tick mark) degrees to the left and right of the lubber line. A wide magenta line displays the current turn rate, up to 24 degrees. A magenta arrowhead appears at 25 degrees. This trend vector provides the pilot with a prediction of what the heading will be in 6 seconds at the present turn rate.

Figure 2-14 Turn Rate Indicator and Heading Trend Vector

Course Pointer

The course pointer is a single line arrow (GPS, VOR1 and LOC1) or double line arrow (VOR2 and LOC2) which points in the direction of the set course.

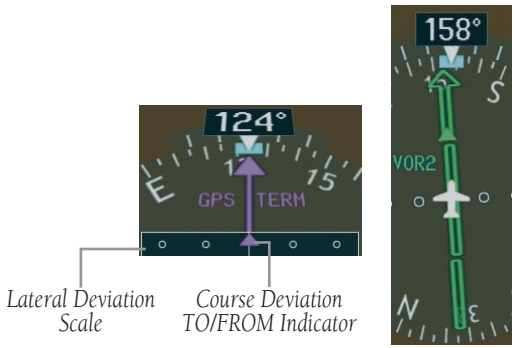


Figure 2-15 Arc CDI and Compass Rose CDI

Course Deviation Indicator (CDI)

The CDI scale automatically adjusts to the current phase of flight (enroute 5.0 nm, terminal area 1.0 nm, or approach 0.3 nm). Scaling may be selected manually from the MFD System Setup Page.

Bearing Pointers and Information Windows

Pressing the **PFD** softkey provides access to the **BRG1** and **BRG2** softkeys. The BRG1 pointer is a single line pointer. The BRG2 pointer is a double line pointer.

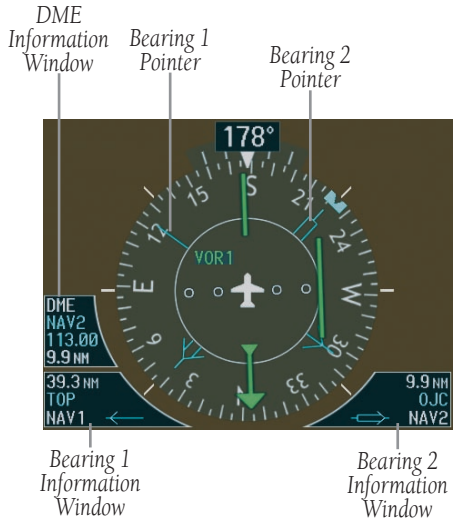


Figure 2-14 HSI with Bearing Information

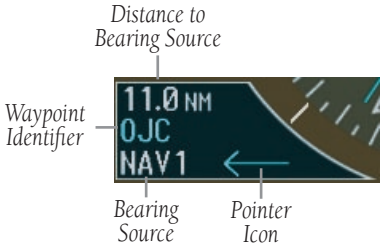


Figure 2-15 BRG1 Information Window

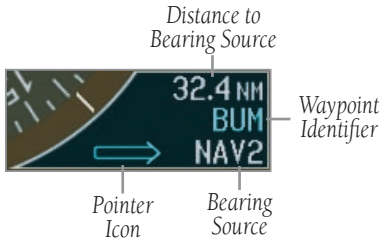


Figure 2-16 BRG2 Information Window

DME Radio (optional)

To display the DME Information Window, press the **PFD** softkey followed by the **DME** softkey.

Figure 2-17 DME Information Window

Navigation Source

To change between navigation sources:

1. Press the **CDI** softkey to change from GPS to VOR1/LOC1.
2. Press the **CDI** softkey again to change from VOR1/LOC1 to VOR2/LOC2.
3. Press the **CDI** softkey a third time to return to GPS.

When using GPS as the navigation source, the following may appear:

- INTEG – RAIM is not available
- WARN – GPS detects a position error
- SUSP – Displayed when in OBS Mode indicating GPS navigation is suspended.

Figure 2-18 GPS INTEG, GPS SUSP, LOC1 and VOR2

To enable/disable OBS mode while navigating with GPS:

1. Press the **OBS** softkey to select OBS Mode.
2. Turn the **CRS** knob to select the desired course TO/FROM the waypoint.
3. Press the **OBS** softkey again to return to normal operation.

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SECTION 3: ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM (EIS)

3.1 ENGINE DISPLAY

In all cases green indicates normal operation, yellow indicates caution, and red indicates warning.

Mooney M20R Engine displays are shown in this section. The M20M displays are similar with the exception of showing the Turbine Inlet Temperature (TIT).

Pressing the **ENGINE** softkey makes available the **LEAN** and **SYSTEM** softkeys which in turn provide access the Lean Page and the System Page, respectively.

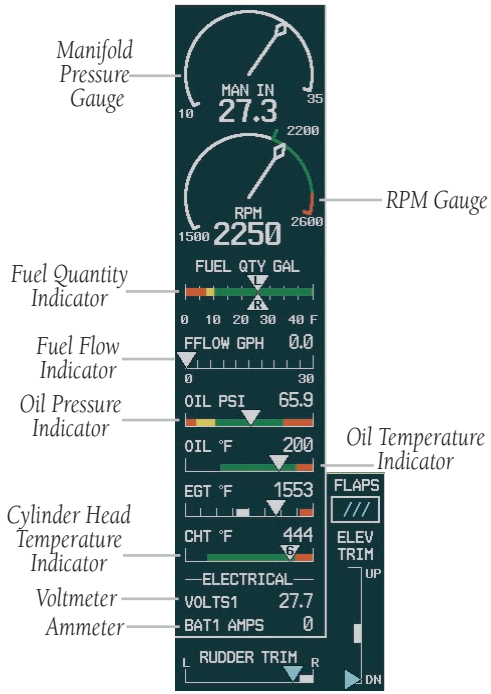

Figure 3-1 M20R Default Engine Page

In aircraft with the extended range 55 gallon tanks option, the fuel quantity will still show 45 gallons when full.

3.2 LEAN ENGINE DISPLAY

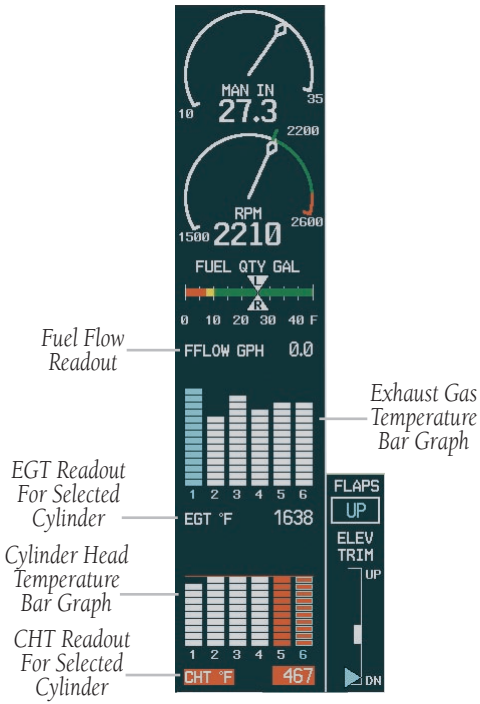

Figure 3-2 M20R LEAN Engine Page

Cylinder Select

The **CYL SLCT** softkey can be utilized to obtain information about a particular cylinder.

The **CYL SLCT** softkey becomes disabled when a particular cylinder turns yellow or red, until the temperature decreases and returns to normal or when the **ASSIST** softkey is pressed.

Pressing the **ASSIST** softkey causes the first cylinder that peaks to become hightlighted and information for that cylinder to be displayed.

Any exceedance of default Engine Page parameters, while viewing the Lean Engine Page, will cause the display to automatically switch back to the default Engine Page.

3.3 ENGINE SYSTEM DISPLAY

If desired, use the **DEC FUEL, INC FUEL** and **RST FUEL** softkeys to adjust the amount of fuel remaining for totalizer calculations.

NOTE: *Fuel calculations do not use the aircraft fuel quantity indicators, and are calculated from the last time the fuel was reset.*

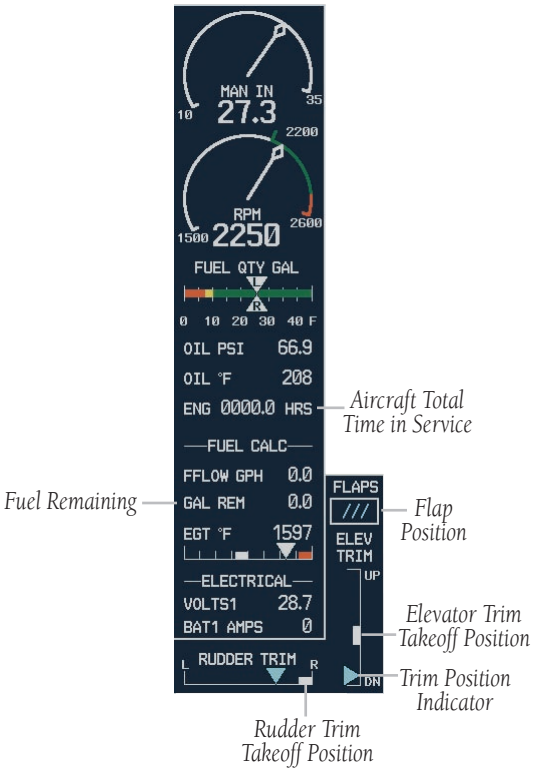

Figure 3-3 M20R SYSTEM Engine Page

Any exceedance of default Engine Page parameters, while viewing the System Engine Page, will cause the display to automatically switch back to the default Engine Page.

3.4 FLAP & TRIM INDICATIONS

The flap and trim indicators are located on the MFD next to the engine indicating displays.

Rudder Trim Indicator

Actual trim position is shown using a blue inverted triangle. The 'takeoff' rudder trim position is shown in white.

Elevator Trim Indicator

Trim position is shown by a blue triangle. A white block indicates 'takeoff' elevator trim position.

Flaps Position Indicator

The Flaps Position Indicator shows the current position of the flaps. The three possible positions, up, takeoff, and down, are depicted in cyan as 'UP', 'T/O', and 'DN', respectively. During flaps position transition, '///' is displayed in the window.

SECTION 4: NAV/COM AND TRANSPONDER

The Nav/Com controls and frequency windows are located on the Primary Flight Display and the Multi-Function Display in the same locations.

Figure 4-1 G1000 VHF NAV/COM Interface (PFD)

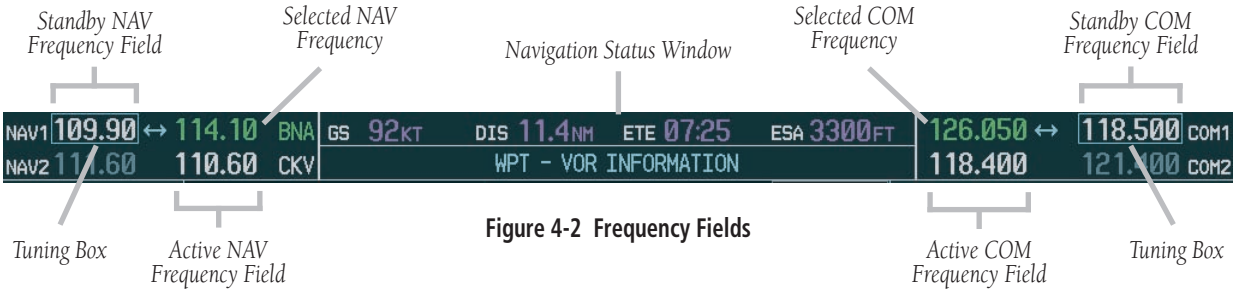

Figure 4-2 Frequency Fields

Figure 4-3 Frequency Toggle Arrow and Tuning Box

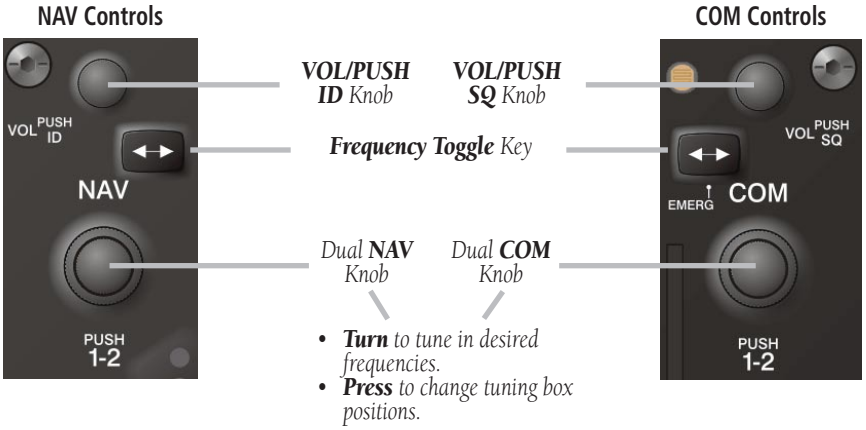

Figure 4-4 NAV/COM Controls

4.1 RADIO STATUS INDICATIONS

- **TX** – When a COM radio is keyed, a white **TX** indication appears to the right of the corresponding COM frequency.
- **ID** – When the Morse code identifier is ON for a NAV radio, a white **ID** indication appears to the left of the corresponding active NAV frequency. The Morse code identifier can be heard if the corresponding NAV radio is selected on the audio panel.

Figure 4-5 Radio Status Indications

4.2 VOLUME

'VOLUME' is displayed in place of the associated radio name (i.e., 'COM1' or 'NAV2') for two seconds after the volume level is last changed.

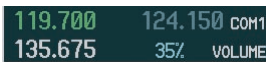

Figure 4-6 COM Volume Level

4.3 AUTOMATIC SQUELCH

Automatic squelch can be disabled for a COM radio by pressing the **COM** knob to select the desired COM subwindow, then by pressing the **VOL/PUSH SQ** knob.

4.4 QUICKLY ACTIVATING 121.500 MHZ

Pressing and holding the **COM Frequency Toggle** key for approximately two (2) seconds automatically tunes the selected COM radio to the emergency frequency.

4.5 OPTIONAL NAV RADIOS

The Tuning window is displayed by pressing the **ADF/DME** softkey (if no ADF is installed, the softkey will be labeled **DME**).

ADF Radio (optional)

To tune the ADF:

1. From the Tuning window, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the ADF tuning field.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to enter the first digit.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the next desired digit field. Turn the **small FMS** knob to again select the desired digit.
4. When the desired frequency is entered press the **ENT** key to transfer the frequency into the active field.
5. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the MODE field. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select ADF or BFO.
6. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the volume field if desired. Turn the **small FMS** knob to adjust the ADF volume to the desired level.
7. Press the **FMS** knob to exit all the fields.

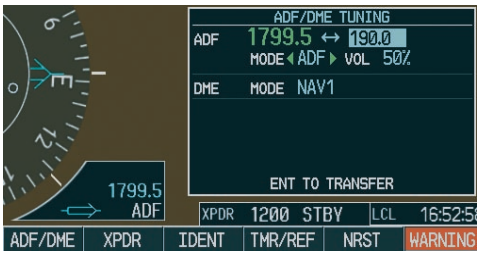

Figure 4-7 ADF/DME Tuning Window

DME Radio (optional)

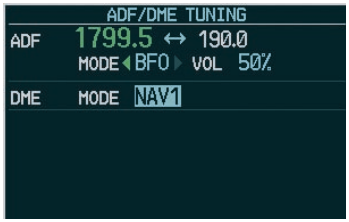

Figure 4-8 Radio Tuning Window

To change the DME tuning source:

1. From the Tuning window, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the DME source field.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display the selection window. Turn the **FMS** knob to select the desired mode and press the **ENT** key.

Figure 4-9 DME Selection Window

4.6 FREQUENCY AUTO-TUNING

Auto-tuning on the PFD

Figure 4-10 Nearest Airports Window (PFD)

1. Press the **NRST** softkey to display the Nearest Airports Window.
2. Turn the **FMS** knobs to highlight the desired frequency.
3. Press the **ENT** key to place the frequency in the standby field of the active COM.
4. Press the **Frequency Toggle** key to place the frequency in the active field.

NAV frequencies are entered automatically in the NAV window upon approach loading or approach activation.

Auto-tuning on the MFD

Auto-tuning on the MFD is done in much the same way as on the PFD. Use the **FMS** knobs to select the desired frequency on any of the information pages. Pressing the **ENT** key then loads the selected frequency into the standby frequency window of the appropriate radio.

4.7 TRANSPONDER

Mode Selection

The **STBY**, **ON** and **ALT** softkeys can be accessed by pressing the **XPDR** softkey.

Ground Mode (Automatic)

GND is displayed when the aircraft is on the ground.

Figure 4-11 Ground Mode

Reply Status

When the transponder sends replies to interrogations, an "R" indication appears momentarily in the reply status field.

Figure 4-12 Reply Indication

Code Selection

1. Press the **XPDR** softkey to display the transponder Mode Selection softkeys.
2. Press the **CODE** softkey to display the transponder Code Selection softkeys, which includes the digit softkeys.
3. Press the appropriate digit softkeys to enter the code in the four-digit code field of the Transponder Status bar. Five seconds after the fourth digit has been entered, the transponder code becomes activated.

   When entering a code, press the **BKSP** softkey as needed to back up and change code digits.

Following is a list of important codes:

- 1200 – VFR code in the U.S. (please refer to the ICAO standards for VFR codes in other countries).
- 7000 – VFR code commonly used in Europe (please refer to the ICAO standards).
- 7500 – Hijack code.
- 7600 – Loss of communication code.
- 7700 – Emergency code.
- 7777 – Military interceptor operations code (NEVER ENTER THIS CODE).
- 0000 – Code for military use (in the U.S.).

Flight ID Reporting

If so configured, the Flight ID may be entered in the Timer/Reference window. If configuration is set to "SAME AS TAIL" the aircraft tail number will always be displayed.

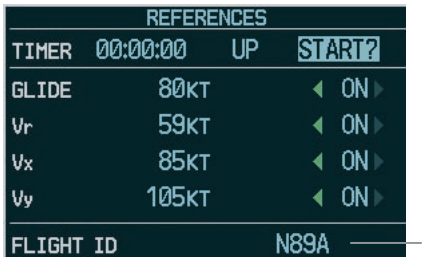

Figure 4-13 Timer/References Window

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SECTION 5: AUDIO PANEL

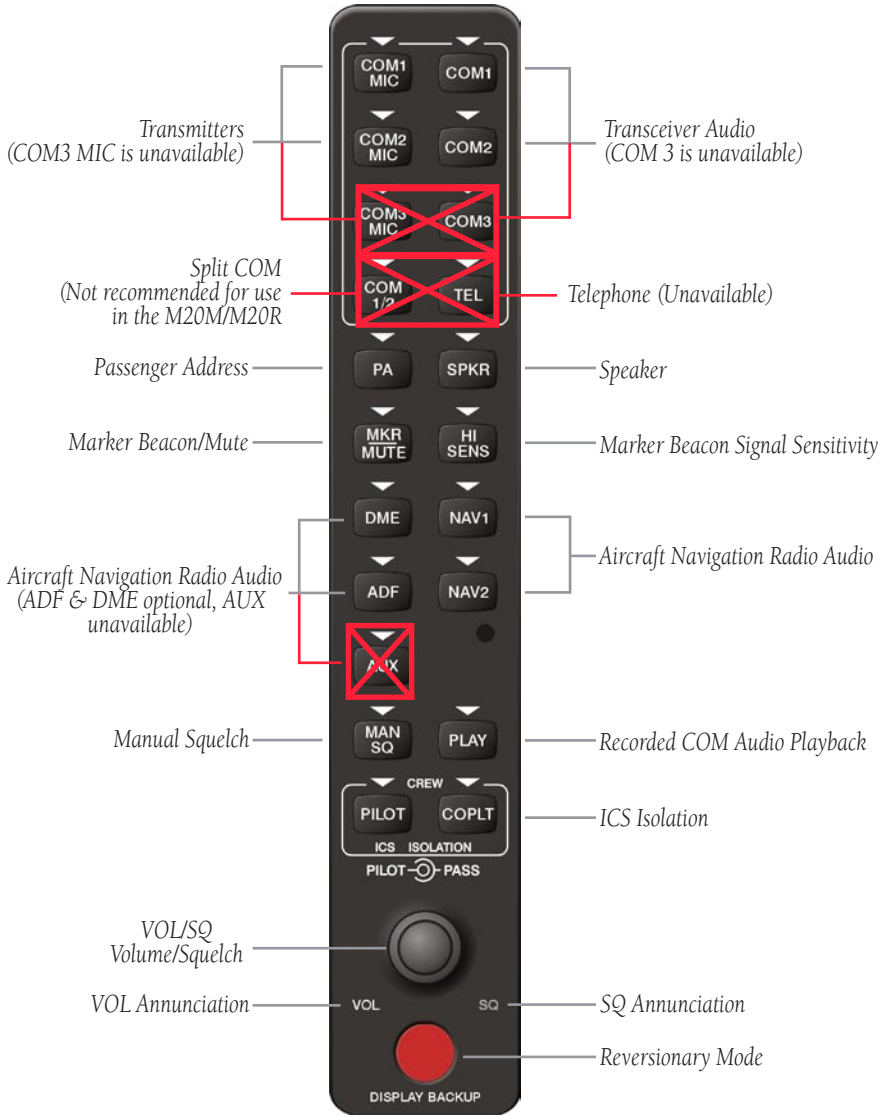

Figure 6-1 Audio Panel Controls

5.1 COM RADIO SELECTION

Pressing the **COM1 MIC** or **COM2 MIC** key selects the active transmitter (i.e., microphone). The associated receiver audio (**COM1** or **COM2**) also becomes selected when the COM MIC key is pressed.

To prevent deselecting the desired received audio when pressing another COM MIC key, press the already selected **COM1** or **COM2** key before pressing the other COM MIC key.

Figure 5-2 Transceivers

5.2 MARKER BEACON RECEIVER

The marker beacon receiver is always ON. Figure 5-3 shows the marker beacon annunciators on the PFD

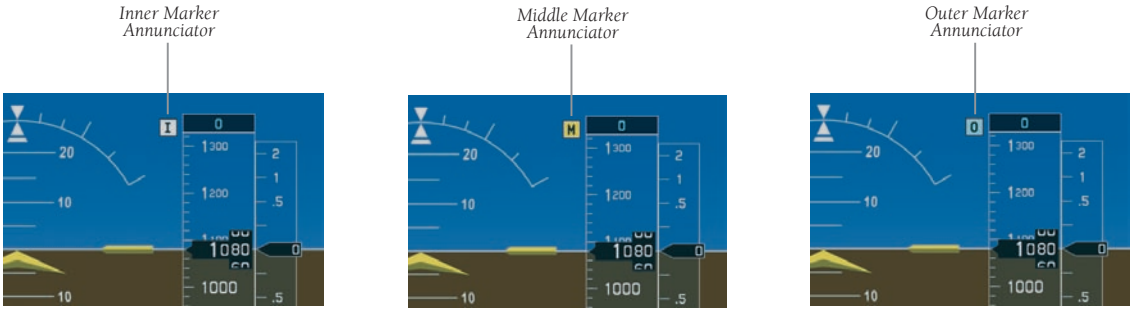

Figure 5-3 Marker Beacon Signal Indicator Lights on the PFD

When the **MKR/MUTE** key is pressed, the key annunciator is lit and the audio tone can be heard over the speaker or headsets during marker reception.

When the tone is active, pressing the **MKR/MUTE** key mutes the audio but does not affect the annunciator. The audio returns when the next marker signal is received.

Marker Beacon Signal Sensitivity

The **HI SENS** key can be pressed for increased marker beacon signal sensitivity.

Figure 5-4 Marker Beacon

5.3 NAV RADIO AUDIO SELECTION

Pressing **DME**, **ADF**, **NAV1**, or **NAV2** selects and deselects the radio source and activates the annunciator. Selected audio can be heard over the headset and the speakers. These four keys can be selected individually or together.

Figure 5-5 Navigation Radios

5.4 INTERCOM SYSTEM (ICS) ISOLATION

Press the **PILOT** and/or **COPLT** key to select who is isolated from hearing the Nav/Com radios and music. Selection scenarios are addressed in Table 5-1.

Figure 5-6 ICS Isolation

5.5 INTERCOM SQUELCH CONTROL

Select manual squelch for intercom audio by pressing the **MAN SQ** key to light the annunciator.

Pressing the **small VOL/SQ** knob now toggles between volume and squelch adjustment by lighting **VOL** or **SQ** respectively.

Figure 5-7 Volume/Squelch Control

Mode	PILOT KEY ANNUNCIATOR	COPLT KEY ANNUNCIATOR	Pilot Hears	Copilot Hears	Passenger Hears
ALL	OFF	OFF	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; MUSIC 1	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; MUSIC 1	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; MUSIC 2
PILOT	ON	OFF	Selected radios; pilot	Copilot; passengers; MUSIC 1	Copilot; passengers; MUSIC 2
COPILOT	OFF	ON	Selected radios; pilot; passengers; MUSIC 1	Copilot	Selected radios; pilot; passengers; MUSIC 2
CREW	ON	ON	Selected radios; pilot; copilot	Selected radios; pilot; copilot	Passengers; MUSIC 2

Table 5-1 ICS Isolation Modes

5.6 DIGITAL CLEARANCE RECORDER WITH PLAYBACK CAPABILITY

Each reception of primary active COM audio is automatically recorded in a memory block. When the next transmission is received, it is recorded in the next memory block, and so on. Once the 2.5 minutes of recording time has been reached, the recorder begins recording over the stored memory blocks, starting from the oldest block. Powering off the unit automatically clears all recorded blocks.

Figure 5-8 Playback

- Pressing **PLAY** once plays back the latest recorded memory block, then returns to normal operation.
- Pressing **PLAY** during playback of a memory block halts the playback of this block and plays back the preceding recorded block. The **PLAY** key can be used to backtrack through the recorded memory blocks to reach and play back any desired block. Pressing the **MKR/MUTE** key during playback halts playback and returns the recorder/playback to normal operation.

If a COM input signal is detected during playback, playback is halted and the new COM input signal is recorded as the latest block.

SECTION 6: AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL

Refer to the pilot's guide for the installed autopilot system.

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SECTION 7: NAVIGATION

7.1 NAVIGATION MAP PAGE

Select the MAP Page Group

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob until **MAP** is highlighted in the page group window in the lower right of the MFD display.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the first **MAP** page (indicated by a solid rectangular icon).
3. Press the **MAP** softkey to display softkeys for the available information which may be displayed on the map.

WARNING: *The map display should only be used for situational awareness. Any map display indication should be compared with approved navigation sources.*

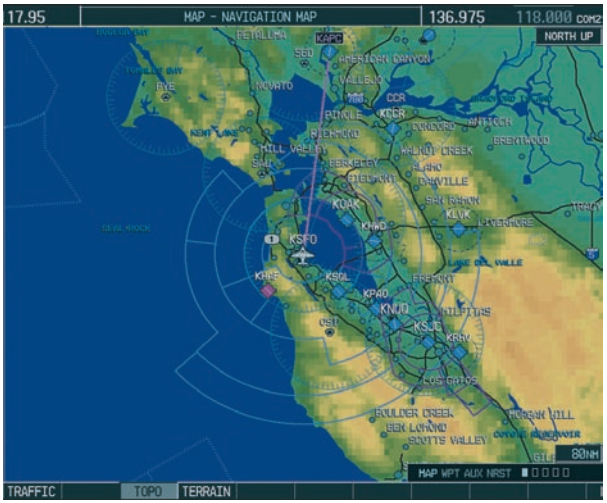

Figure 7-1 Navigation Map Page

7.2 DIRECT-TO NAVIGATION

Direct-to Navigation from the MFD

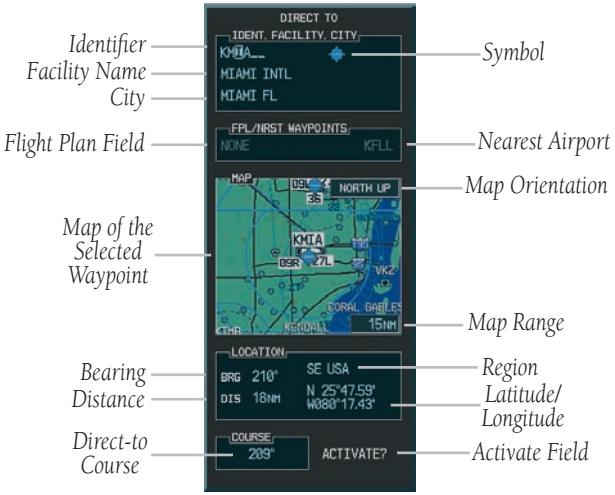

Figure 7-2 MFD Direct-to Window

To enter a Direct-to destination:

1. Press the **Direct-to (D▸)** key.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to enter the first letter of the destination waypoint identifier. Turn the **large FMS** knob to the right to move the cursor to the next character position.
3. Repeat step 2 to spell out the rest of the waypoint identifier.
4. Press the **ENT** key to confirm the identifier. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
5. Press the **ENT** key to activate.

To select a Direct-to destination to a flight plan waypoint or nearest airport:

1. Press the **Direct-to (D▸)** key.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the Flight Plan Field or Nearest Airport Field.
3. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display a list waypoints or airports.

4. Continue turning the **small FMS** knob to scroll through the list and highlight the desired waypoint or airport.
5. Press the **ENT** key to confirm the selection. Press **ENT** again to activate a Direct-to.

To re-center the CDI (HSI) needle to the same destination waypoint:

1. Press the **Direct-to** (D▸) key, followed by pressing the **ENT** key twice. NOTE: If a missed approach point (MAP) is the current destination, the approach will be canceled.

To manually define the Direct-to course:

1. Press the **Direct-to** (D▸) key.
2. Turn the **FMS** knobs to select the destination waypoint.
3. Press the **ENT** key to confirm the selected waypoint, then turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the Direct-to Course field.
4. Turn the **FMS** knobs to select the desired course and press the **ENT** key.
5. Press the **ENT** key again to begin navigation using the selected destination and course.

Canceling Direct-to Navigation:

1. Press the **Direct-to** (D▸) key.
2. Press the **MENU** key to display the Direct-to options menu.
3. With 'Cancel Direct-To NAV' highlighted, press the **ENT** key. If a flight plan is still active, the G1000 resumes navigating the flight plan along the closest leg.

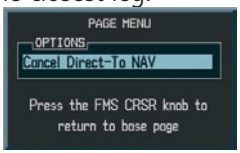

Figure 7-3 Canceling Direct-to Navigation

Direct-to Navigation from the PFD

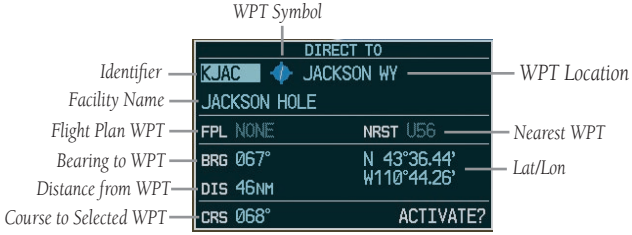

Figure 7-4 PFD Direct-to Window

1. Press the Direct-to key (D▸).
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to place the cursor in the desired selection field.
3. Turn the **small FMS** knob to begin selecting the desired identifier, location, etc.
4. Press the **ENT** key.
5. The cursor is now flashing on 'ACTIVATE?'. Press the **ENT** key again to activate.

Cancelling Direct-to Navigation:

1. Press the Direct-to (D▸) key.
2. Press the **MENU** key to display the Options Window. The cursor will be flashing on 'Cancel Direct-to NAV'.
3. Press the **ENT** key to cancel the direct-to.

7.3 AIRPORT INFORMATION

Figure 7-5 Airport Information Page

Select the Airport Information Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the 'WPT' page group. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the first rectangular page icon.

Enter a Waypoint Facility Name or City Location:

1. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the facility name or location (city) field.
3. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the desired character.
4. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the next character field.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the facility name or location is selected, then press the **ENT** key. If there are duplicate names in the database, a list is displayed from which to chose the desired location.
7. To remove the flashing cursor, press the **FMS** knob.

Access Runway Information

1. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to place the cursor on the Runways field.
3. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display the next runway for the selected airport.
4. Continue turning the **small FMS** knob to select the desired runway.
5. To remove the flashing cursor, press the **FMS** knob.

Access Frequency Information

1. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to move the cursor to the Frequencies window.
3. Turn either **FMS** knob to scroll through the list, placing the cursor on the desired frequency.
4. Press the **ENT** key to place the selected frequency in the standby field of the 'COM' or 'NAV' window.
5. To remove the flashing cursor, press the **FMS** knob.

- 'TX' – transmit only, RX - receive only
- 'PT' – part time frequency
- 'i' – additional information exists, press the **ENT** key

If a listed frequency has sector or altitude restrictions, the frequency is preceded by an info designation.

7.4 INTERSECTION INFORMATION

Select the Intersection Information Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the WPT page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the second rectangular page icon.

Figure 7-6 Intersection Information Page

Access Information on an Intersection

1. With the Intersection Information Page displayed, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter a name for the identifier and press the **ENT** key.
3. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

7.5 NDB INFORMATION

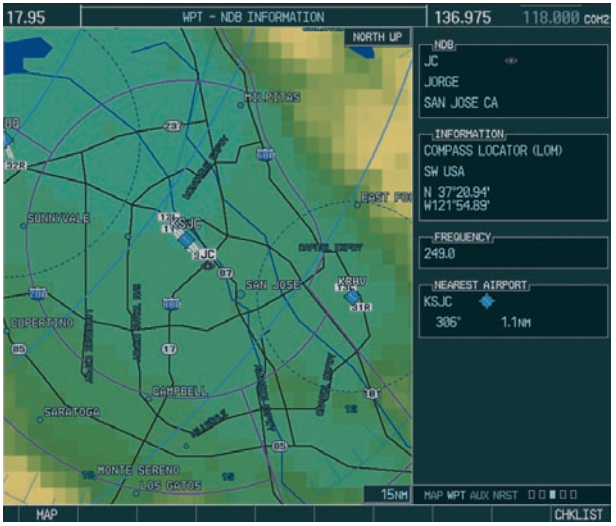

Figure 7-7 NDB Information Page

Select the NDB Information Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the WPT page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the third rectangular page icon

View Information on a Specific NDB:

1. With the NDB Information Page displayed, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired selection field (identifier, name or closest city).
3. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter an identifier, name or city and press the **ENT** key.
4. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

7.6 VOR INFORMATION

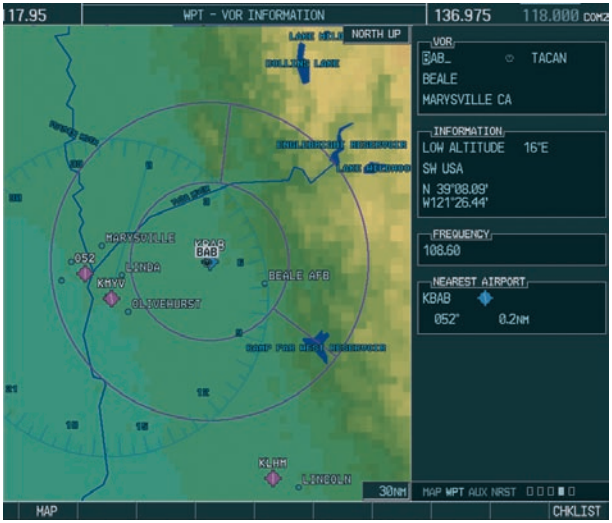

Figure 7-8 VOR Information Page

Select the VOR Information Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the WPT page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the fourth rectangular page icon.

Access Information on a VOR:

1. With the VOR Information Page displayed, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired selection field (identifier, name or closest city).
3. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter an identifier, name or city and press the **ENT** key.
4. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

7.7 USER WAYPOINT INFORMATION PAGE

See the Flight Planning section for a discussion on creating and modifying user defined waypoints.

7.8 NEAREST AIRPORTS

Figure 7-9 Nearest Airports Page

Nearest Airport Information on the MFD

Select the Nearest Airports Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the first rectangular page icon.

Access Information on a Specific Airport

1. Press the **APT** softkey located at the bottom of the display. The first airport in the nearest airports list is highlighted.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired airport.

Access Runway Information for the Selected Airport

1. Press the **RNWY** softkey located at the bottom of the display.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the desired runway.

Quickly Tune the COM Transceiver to a Nearby Airport Frequency

1. Press the **FREQ** softkey located at the bottom of the display.
2. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired frequency.
3. Press the **ENT** key. The selected frequency is placed in the standby frequency tuning box.
4. Press the **Frequency Toggle** key to place the frequency in the active field.

Nearest Airports Information on the PFD

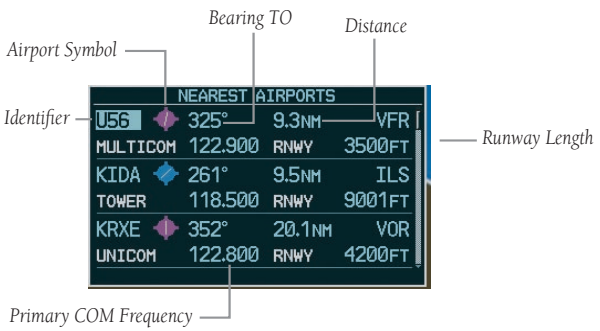

Figure 7-10 Nearest Airports Window

1. Press the **NRST** softkey to display the PFD Nearest Airports Window.

View Information on a Specific Airport in the List

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to place the cursor on the desired airport identifier.
2. Press the **ENT** key to display airport information.
3. Press the **ENT** key again (cursor is on 'BACK') to return to the list.

Load an Airport COM Frequency into the Active COM

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to place the cursor on the desired airport frequency shown in the window.
2. Press the **ENT** key and the selected frequency will become the standby frequency for the active COM.
3. Press the **Frequency Toggle** key to make the frequency the active frequency.

7.9 NEAREST INTERSECTIONS

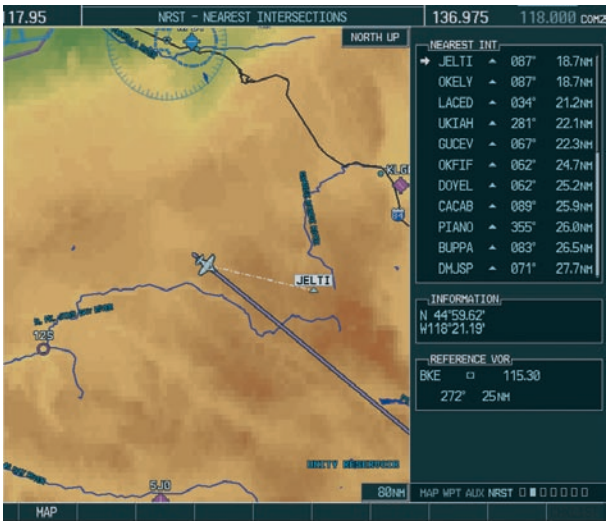

Figure 7-11 Nearest Intersections Page

Select the Nearest Intersections Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.

2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the second rectangular page icon.

View Information on the Nearest Intersection

1. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired intersection. Press the **ENT** key.

7.10 NEAREST NDB

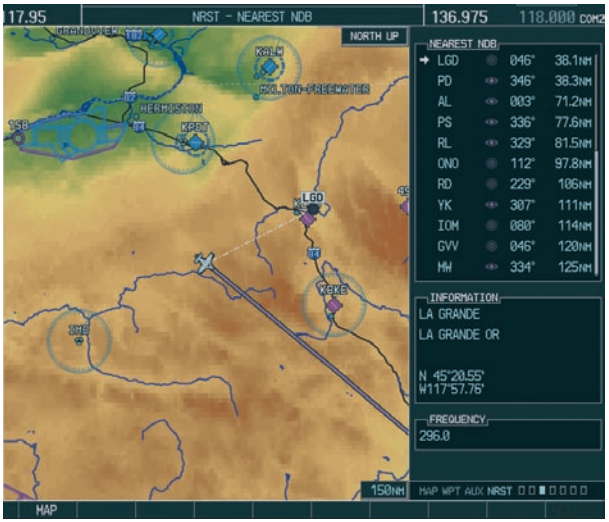

Figure 7-12 Nearest NDB Page

Select the Nearest NDB Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the third rectangular page icon.

Access Information on a Specific NDB

1. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired NDB. Press the **ENT** key. The remaining information on the Nearest NDB Page pertains to the selected NDB.

7.11 NEAREST VOR

Select the Nearest VOR Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the fourth rectangular page icon.

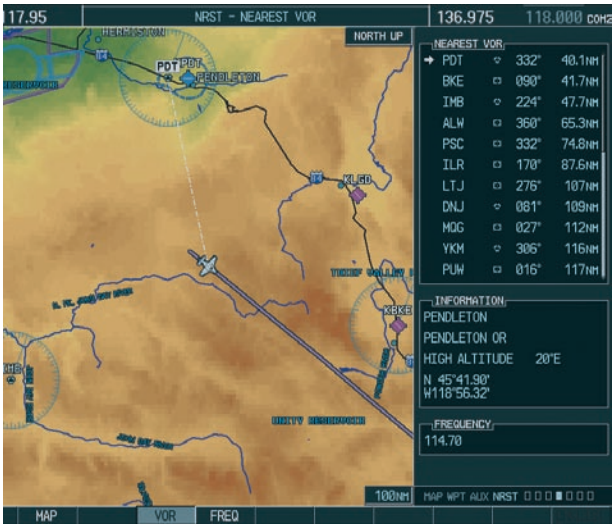

Figure 7-13 Nearest VOR Page

View Information on the Nearest VOR:

1. With the Nearest VOR Page selected, press the **VOR** softkey.
2. Turn either **FMS** knob to select a VOR. Press the **ENT** key.

OR Press the **MENU** key. Select the Select VOR Window option and press the **ENT** key. Turn either **FMS** knob to select a VOR.

Select and Load a VOR Frequency

1. With the Nearest VOR Page selected, press the **FREQ** softkey to highlight the VOR frequency for the selected VOR.
2. Press the **ENT** key. The selected VOR frequency is placed in the NAV standby frequency field.

OR Press the **MENU** key. Select the Select Frequency Window option and press the **ENT** key. Press the **ENT** key again when the frequency field is highlighted to place the selected VOR frequency in the NAV standby field.

7.12 NEAREST USER WAYPOINT

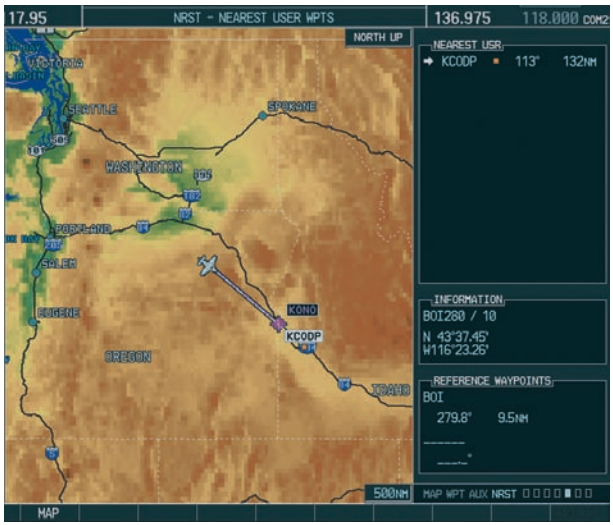

Figure 7-14 Nearest User Waypoints Page

Select the Nearest User Waypoint Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the fifth rectangular page icon.

Select a Nearest User Waypoint

1. With the Nearest User Waypoint Page selected, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Press the **ENT** key to select the Nearest User Waypoint.
3. The remaining information on the Nearest User Waypoint Page pertains to the selected Nearest User Waypoint.

7.13 NEAREST FREQUENCIES

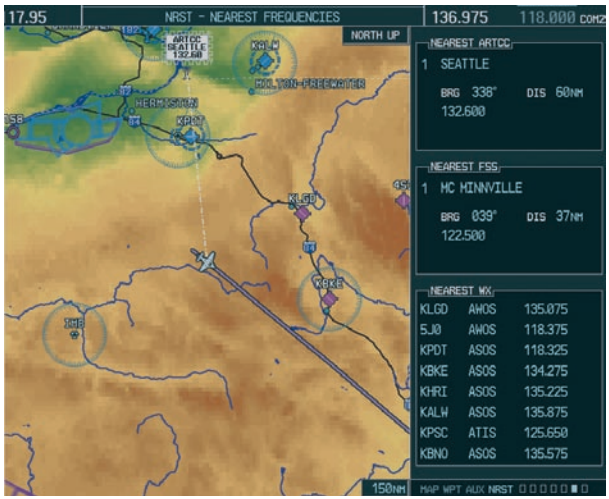

Figure 7-15 Nearest Frequencies Page

Select the Nearest Frequencies Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the sixth rectangular page icon.

Select and Load the Nearest ARTCC, FSS, or Weather Frequency

1. With the Nearest Frequencies Page selected, press the **ARTCC, FSS,** or **Wx** softkey.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the frequency.
3. Press the **ENT** key to load the frequency into the 'COM' frequency standby field.

7.14 NEAREST AIRSPACES

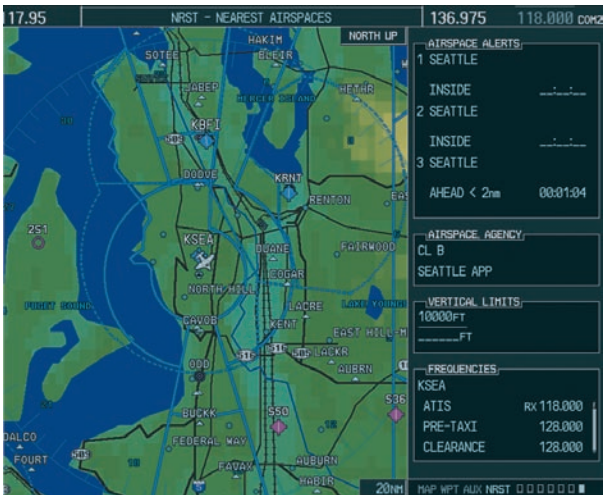

Figure 7-16 Nearest Airspaces Page

Select the Nearest Airspaces Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the seventh rectangular page icon.

Airspace Alerts Box

- If the projected course takes the aircraft inside an airspace within the next ten minutes, 'Ahead' is displayed.
- If the aircraft is within two nautical miles of an airspace and the current course takes the aircraft inside, 'Ahead < 2 nm' is displayed.
- If the aircraft is within two nautical miles of an airspace and the current course will not take the aircraft inside, 'Within 2 nm' is displayed.
- If the aircraft has entered an airspace, 'Inside' is displayed.

View Additional Details for a Listed Airspace

1. Select the Nearest Airspace Page.
2. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to scroll through the list, highlighting the desired airspace.
4. Press the **ALERTS** softkey and turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired airspace.
5. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

View and Quickly Load the Frequency for a Controlling Agency

1. Select the Nearest Airspaces Page.
2. Press the **FREQ** softkey and turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired frequency. Press the **ENT** key to load the frequency into the 'COM' frequency standby field.

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SECTION 8: FLIGHT PLANNING

8.1 USER DEFINED WAYPOINTS

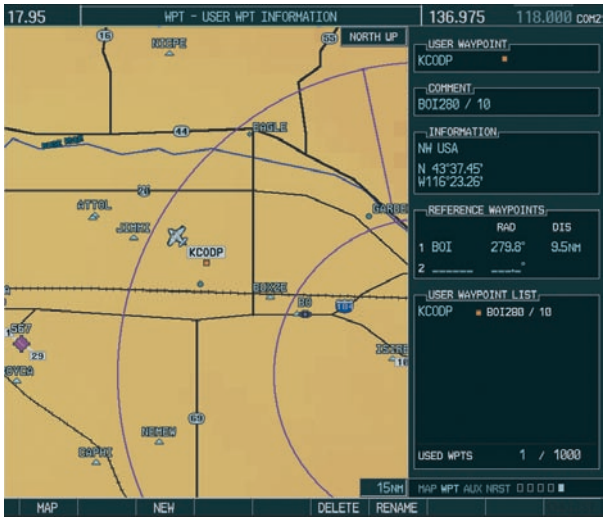

Figure 8-1 User WPT Information Page

Select the User WPT Information Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the NRST page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the fifth rectangular page icon.

Create a New User Waypoint

1. With the User Waypoint Information Page displayed, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter a name for the new waypoint and press the **ENT** key. The message 'Are you sure you want to create the new user waypoint' is displayed. With 'YES' highlighted, press the **ENT** key.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the latitude/longitude field or the Reference Waypoints field, depending on how the waypoint is to be defined.
4. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the position coordinates or the radial and distance from the reference waypoint.
5. Press the **ENT** key to accept the new waypoint.
6. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

Create User Waypoints from the Navigation Map Page

1. With the Navigation Map Page displayed, push the **joystick** to activate the panning function. The target pointer is displayed at the present aircraft position.
2. After placing the pointer at the desired position, press the **ENT** key. The User Waypoint Information Page is now displayed with the captured position.
3. Turn the **FMS** knobs to select a waypoint name.
4. Press the **ENT** key to accept the selected name. The first reference waypoint field is highlighted.
5. If desired, turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the reference waypoint and the radial and distance to the reference waypoint. Press the **ENT** key to accept.
6. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

Modify a User Waypoint

1. With the User Waypoint Information Page displayed, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to move the cursor to the desired field and turn the **small FMS** knob to make changes.
3. Press the **ENT** key to accept the changes.
4. Press the **FMS** knob to remove the flashing cursor.

Delete a User Waypoint

1. Select the User Waypoint Information Page and press **MENU** to display the User Waypoint Information Page Options or press the **DELETE** softkey.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select 'Delete User Waypoint' and press the **ENT** key. The message 'Would you like to delete the user waypoint' is displayed. With 'YES' highlighted, press the **ENT** key.

8.2 VIEWING THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1. Press the **FPL** key.

Figure 8-2 Active Flight Plan Page on the MFD

Figure 8-3 Active Flight Plan Window on the PFD

8.3 ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1. Press the **FPL** key and turn the **small FMS** knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

Figure 8-4 Flight Plan Catalog Page

2. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired flight plan and press the **ACTIVE** softkey.
4. With OK highlighted, press the **ENT** key to activate the flight plan. To cancel the flight plan activation, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** key.

8.4 ACTIVATE A FLIGHT PLAN LEG

1. From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor and turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired destination waypoint.

2. Press the **ACT LEG** softkey (using MFD only).

   OR

3. Press the **MENU** key, select the 'Activate Leg' option from the page menu and press the **ENT** key. This step must be used when activating a leg from the PFD.
4. With 'Activate' highlighted, press the **ENT** key.

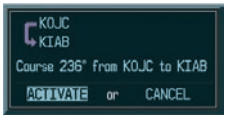

Figure 8-5 Activate Flight Plan Leg Confirmation

8.5 STOP NAVIGATING A FLIGHT PLAN

1. Press the **FPL** key and turn the **small FMS** knob to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
2. Press the **ENT** key to display the Page Menu window.

Figure 8-6 Delete Flight Plan

3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Delete Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** key. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to deactivate the flight plan. This will not delete the stored flight plan, only the active flight plan.

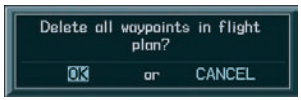

Figure 8-7 Delete Flight Plan Confirmation

8.6 INVERT ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1. From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **MENU** key to display the Page Menu.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Invert Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** key. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.
3. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to invert the flight plan.

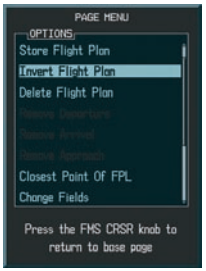

Figure 8-8 Invert Flight Plan

Figure 8-9 Invert Flight Plan Confirmation

8.7 CREATE A NEW FLIGHT PLAN

To create a new flight plan using the MFD:

1. Press the **FPL** key and turn the **small FMS** knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
2. Press the **NEW** softkey to display a blank flight plan page for the first empty storage location.

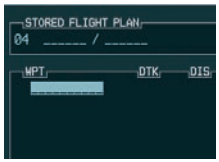

Figure 8-10 Create FPL on MFD

3. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display the Waypoint Information Page. Turn the **small FMS** knob to enter the first character of the identifier of the departure waypoint. Turn the **large FMS** knob to move the cursor to the next character field. Repeat using the **FMS** knobs until the desired identifier has been entered.

Figure 8-11 Waypoint Info Window

4. Press the **ENT** key.
5. Repeat step number 3 to enter the identifier for each additional flight plan waypoint.
6. When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page. The new flight plan is now in the list.

Create a new flight plan using the PFD

NOTE: *A flight plan cannot be entered using the PFD if another flight plan is active.*

NOTE: *After the first leg is entered (using the PFD only), it is immediately activated.*

1. Press the **FPL** key and press the **small FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to enter the first character of the flight plan starting identifier.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to move the cursor to the next character field.
4. Turn the **small FMS** knob to enter the next character. Continue this process until the desired identifier is entered.
5. Press the **ENT** key and the cursor is now ready for entering of the next flight plan waypoint.
6. Repeat steps 2 through 5 to enter the identifier for each additional flight plan waypoint.
7. Once all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** knob to return to the Active Flight Plan Window.

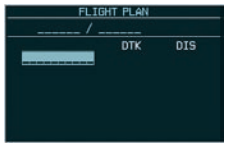

Figure 8-12 Creating Flight Plan on the PFD

8.8 LOAD A DEPARTURE

See the Procedures section for a discussion on loading and activating departure procedures.

8.9 LOAD AN ARRIVAL

See the Procedures section for a discussion on loading and activating arrival procedures.

8.10 LOAD AN APPROACH

See the Procedures section for a discussion on loading and activating approach procedures.

8.11 REMOVE A DEPARTURE, ARRIVAL, OR APPROACH FROM A FLIGHT PLAN

1. With the Active or Stored Flight Plan Page displayed, press the **small FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the title for the approach, departure or arrival to be deleted. Titles appear in white directly above the procedure's waypoints.
3. Press the **CLR** key to display a confirmation window. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to remove the selected procedure.

8.12 STORE A FLIGHT PLAN

1. From the Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired flight plan and press the **MENU** key to display the Flight Plan Page options.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Store Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** key.
4. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to store the flight plan.

Figure 8-13 Store Flight Plan Confirmation

8.13 EDIT A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1. Press the **FPL** key and turn the **small FMS** knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
2. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired flight plan and press the **ENT** key.
4. Turn the **FMS** knobs to make the desired changes, then press the **ENT** key.
5. Press the **FMS** knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

8.14 DELETE A WAYPOINT FROM THE FLIGHT PLAN

1. Press the **FPL** key and turn the **small FMS** knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
2. Press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired flight plan and press the **ENT** key.
4. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the waypoint to be deleted and press the **CLR** key to display a 'REMOVE WAYPOINT' confirmation window.
5. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to remove the waypoint. To cancel the delete request, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** key.
6. Once all changes have been made, press the **FMS** knob to return to the Flight Plan Page.

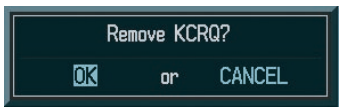

Figure 8-14 Remove Waypoint Confirmation

8.15 INVERT AND ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1. From the Flight Plan Catalog Page, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired flight plan and press the **MENU** key to display the Page Menu options.

3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Invert Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** key. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.
4. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to invert the flight plan.

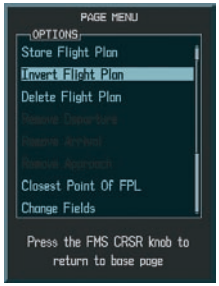

Figure 8-15 Invert Flight Plan

8.16 COPY A FLIGHT PLAN

1. From the Flight Plan Catalog press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the flight plan to be copied, then press the **MENU** key to display the Flight Plan Catalog Options.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Copy Flight Plan #' and press the **ENT** key.
3. A 'Copy to flight plan?' confirmation window is displayed. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to copy the flight plan. To cancel, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** key.

8.17 DELETE A FLIGHT PLAN

1. From the Flight Plan Catalog Page, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the flight plan to be deleted.
2. Press the **MENU** key to display the Flight Plan Catalog options.
3. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Delete Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** key.
4. A 'Delete flight plan?' confirmation window is displayed. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** key to delete the flight plan. To cancel, turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** key.

8.18 GRAPHICAL FLIGHT PLAN CREATION

1. Press the **FPL** key to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
2. Press the **Joystick** to activate the map pointer. Use the **Joystick** to move the pointer to the desired point on the map to be inserted as a waypoint in the flight plan.
3. Press the **LD WPT** softkey. The selected waypoint will be inserted at the end of the flight plan.
4. If the selected waypoint is to be placed elsewhere in the flight plan, press the **FMS** knob to activate the cursor. Waypoints are inserted ABOVE the cursor.
5. After placing the cursor at the desired point in the list of waypoints, press the **LD WPT** softkey.

8.19 TRIP PLANNING

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the AUX page group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the first rectangular page icon.

3. The current page mode is displayed at the top of the page: 'AUTOMATIC' or 'MANUAL'. To change the page mode, press the **AUTO** or **MANUAL** softkey.

Figure 8-16 Trip Planning Page

4. For Direct-to planning, press the **WPTS** softkey and verify that the 'from' waypoint field indicates P.POS (present position). If necessary, press the **MENU** key and select 'Set WPT to Present Position' to display P.POS. Press the **ENT** key and the flashing cursor moves to the 'to' waypoint field. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the 'to' waypoint and press the **ENT** key to accept the waypoint. OR,

5. For point-to-point planning, turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the 'from' waypoint. Once the waypoints identifier is entered, press the **ENT** key to accept the waypoint. The flashing cursor moves to the 'to' waypoint. Again, turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the 'to' waypoint and press the **ENT** key to accept the waypoint.

   OR,

6. For flight plan leg planning, press the **FPL** softkey (at the bottom of the display) and turn the **small FMS** knob to select the desired flight plan (already stored in memory), by number. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the 'LEG' field and turn the **small FMS** knob to select the desired leg of the flight plan, or select 'CUM' to apply trip planning calculations to the entire flight plan.

7. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the departure time (DEP TIME) field.

8. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the departure time. Press the **ENT** key when finished. (Departure time may be entered in local or UTC time, depending upon unit settings).

9. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter the fuel flow. Press the **ENT** key when finished. Note that in automatic page mode, fuel flow is provided by the system.

10. The flashing cursor moves to the fuel on board field. Turn the **FMS** knobs to modify the fuel on board. Press the **ENT** key when finished. Note that in automatic mode this is provided by the system.

11. The flashing cursor moves to the calibrated airspeed field. Turn the **FMS** knobs to enter an calibrated airspeed. Press the **ENT** key when finished.

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SECTION 9: PROCEDURES

9.1 ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

Load and Activate a Departure Procedure

1. With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **FPL** key.
2. Press the **LD DP** softkey. If a flight plan is active, the departure airport will be displayed as the default. A list of available departures is also displayed.
3. If no flight plan is active, use the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the desired airport. Press the **ENT** key.
4. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the Departure field. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display a list of available departures.
5. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired departure and press the **ENT** key.

Figure 9-1 Select Departure

6. A list of runways may be displayed for the departure. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired runway and press the **ENT** key.
7. A list of available transitions is displayed for the departure. Turn either **FMS** knob to highlight the desired transition waypoint and press the **ENT** key.

Figure 9-2 Select Departure Transition

8. With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** key. The departure will be active when the flight plan is active.

Load and Activate An Arrival Procedure

1. With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **FPL** key.
2. Press the **LD STAR** softkey. If a flight plan is active, the destination airport will be displayed as the default. A list of available arrivals is also displayed.
3. If no flight plan is active, use the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the desired airport. Press the **ENT** key.
4. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the Arrival field. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display a list of available arrivals.
5. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired arrival and press the **ENT** key.

Figure 9-3 Select Arrival

6. A second window is displayed listing available transitions for the arrival. Turn either **FMS** knob to highlight the desired transition waypoint and press the **ENT** key.

Figure 9-4 Select Arrival Transition

7. A third window is displayed listing the available runways. Turn either **FMS** knob to select the desired runway and press the **ENT** key.

Figure 9-5 Select Arrival Runway

8. With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** key. If a flight plan is active, the selected arrival procedure is inserted after the destination airport and becomes part of the active flight plan. If no flight plan is active when the arrival is loaded, the arrival procedure will become the active flight plan.

9.2 APPROACHES

Load and/or Activate an Approach Procedure

1. With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **FPL** key.
2. Press the **LD APR** softkey. If a flight plan is active, the destination airport will be displayed as the default. A list of available approaches is also displayed.
3. If no flight plan is active, use the **FMS** knobs to enter the identifier of the desired airport. Press the **ENT** key.
4. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the Approach field. Turn the **small FMS** knob to display a list of available approaches.

Figure 9-6 Selecting an Approach Procedure

5. Turn the **FMS** knobs to highlight the desired approach. Press the **ENT** key.
6. The cursor will move to the TRANSITIONS field. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight the desired transition waypoint and press the **ENT** key. (The "Vectors" option assumes vectors will be received to the final course segment of the approach and will provide navigation guidance relative to the final approach course.)

Figure 9-7 Selecting an Approach Transition

7. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'Activate?' and press the **ENT** key to activate the approach. Selecting 'Load?' will add the procedure to the flight plan without immediately using it for navigation guidance.

Activate An Approach in the Active Flight Plan

1. With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **PROC** key.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE APPROACH'.
3. Press the **ENT** key. The approach procedure is now active.

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SECTION 10: HAZARD AVOIDANCE

10.1 CUSTOMIZING THE HAZARD DISPLAYS ON THE NAVIGATION MAP

1. With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** key to display the Navigation Map Page Menu. The cursor flashes on the 'Map Setup' option.
2. Press the **ENT** key. The Map Setup Menu is displayed. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the 'Weather' or 'Traffic' group to customize the display of weather features. Select 'Traffic' to customize the display of traffic.
3. Press the **small FMS** knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.

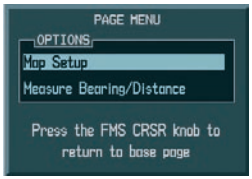


Figure 10-1 Page Menu

Figure 10-2 Map Setup Menu

Figure 10-3 Map Setup Group List

10.2 STORMSCOPE® (OPTIONAL)

WARNING: Use of the Stormscope system for hazardous thunderstorm penetration is prohibited. Weather information on the G1000 MFD is approved for weather avoidance only. Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for detailed operation.

Displaying Stormscope Lightning Data on the Navigation Map Page

1. Press the **MAP** softkey.
2. Press the **STRMSCP** softkey. Press the **STRMSCP** softkey again to remove Stormscope Lightning Data from the Navigation Map Page.

Figure 10-4 In-Flight Navigation Map Page Displaying Stormscope Lightning Data

Lightning Age	Symbol
Strike is less than 6 seconds old	
Strike is between 6 and 60 seconds old	
Strike is between 1 and 2 minutes old	
Strike is between 2 and 3 minutes old	

At a map range of less than 25 nm, Stormscope lightning data is not displayed, but can still be present. The presence of Stormscope lightning data is indicated by the annunciation 'LTNG < 25 nm' in the upper right corner.

Figure 10-5 Lightning Display Range Annunciation

To select 'cell' or 'strike' as the Stormscope lightning mode:

1. With the Weather Group selected, press the **ENT** key. The cursor flashes on 'STRMSCP LTNG'.
2. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select 'STRMSCP MODE'.
3. Turn either **FMS** knob to display the 'Cell/Strike' window.
4. Turn either **FMS** knob to select 'Cell' or 'Strike'. Press the **ENT** key.
5. Push the **FMS** knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.

To clear Stormscope lightning data from the Navigation Map Page:

1. Press the **MENU** key (with the Navigation Map Page displayed).
2. Turn either **FMS** knob to highlight the 'Clear Lightning Data' field and press the **ENT** key.

Stormscope Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob until the Map Page group is selected.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob until the Stormscope Page is selected. This is the third rectangular page icon.

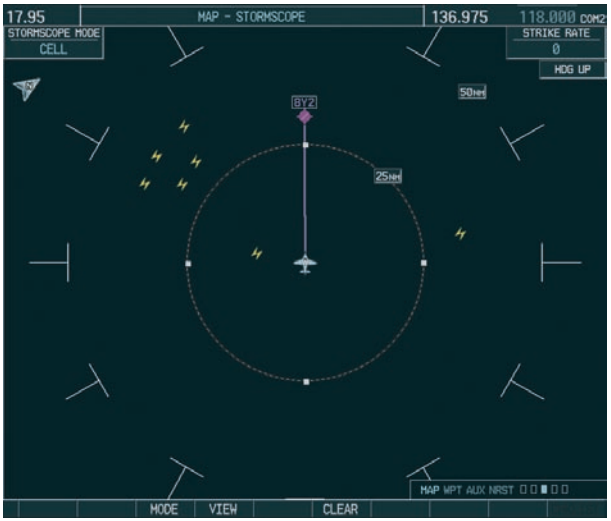


Figure 10-6 Stormscope Page

To change the Stormscope lightning mode between 'cell' and 'strike':

1. Select the Stormscope Page.
2. Press the **MODE** softkey. The **CELL** and **STRIKE** softkeys are displayed. Press the **CELL** softkey to display 'CELL' data or press the **STRIKE** softkey to display 'STRIKE' data. 'CELL' or 'STRIKE' is displayed in the mode box located in the upper left corner of the Stormscope Page.

NOTE: *"Cell mode" uses a clustering program to identify clusters of electrical activity that indicate cells.*

To change the viewing mode between 360° and 120°:

1. Select the Stormscope Page.

2. Press the **VIEW** softkey. The **360** and **ARC** softkeys are displayed. Press the **360** softkey to display a 360˚ viewing are or press the **ARC** softkey to display a 120˚ viewing area.

   Press the **CLEAR** softkey to remove all Stormscope lightning data from the display.

10.3 XM WEATHER (OPTIONAL)

WARNING: *Use of XM weather for hazardous weather penetration is not recommended. Weather information provided by XM Radio Service is approved only for weather avoidance, not penetration.*

1. Press the **MAP** softkey.
2. Press the **NEXRAD or XM LTNG** softkey to display the desired weather. Press the applicable softkey again to remove weather data from the Navigation Map Page.

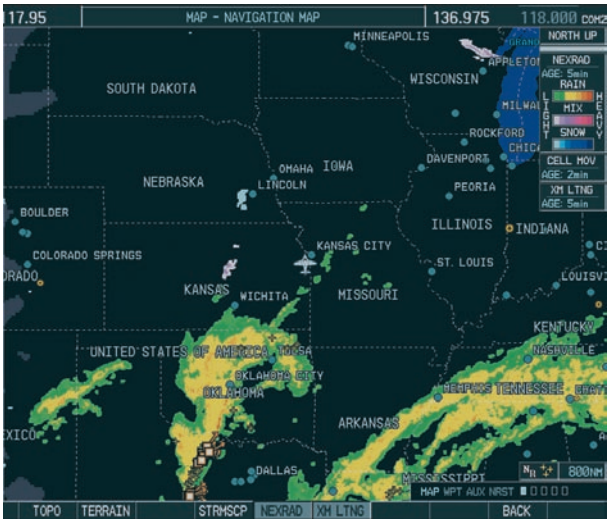


Figure 10-7 Navigation Map Page Displaying NEXRAD Weather

Displaying METAR and TAF information on the Airport Information Page

To display METAR and TAF text on the Airport Information Page:

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the WPT Page Group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the Airport Information Page.
3. Press the **WX** softkey to display METAR and TAF text (METAR and TAF information is updated every 12 minutes).

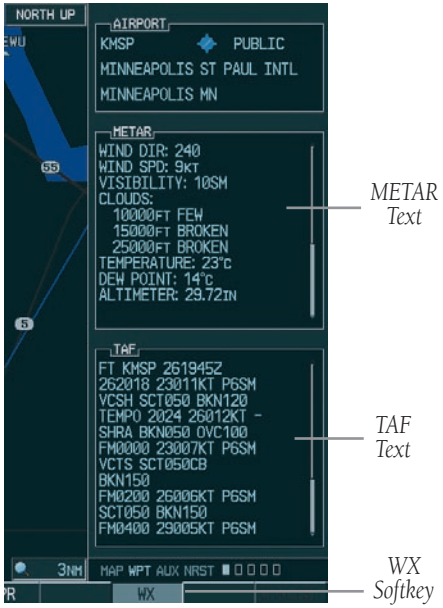


Figure 10-8 METAR and TAF Text Displayed on the Airport (Weather) Information Page

Displaying Weather on the Weather Data Link Page

To select the Weather Data Link Page:

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the Map Page Group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the fourth rectangular page icon.
3. Press the available softkeys to select the desired XM weather product.
4. Press the **LEGEND** softkey to view the legends for the selected products. If necessary, turn the **FMS** knobs to scroll through the list. Press the **small FMS** knob or the **ENT** softkey to return to the map.

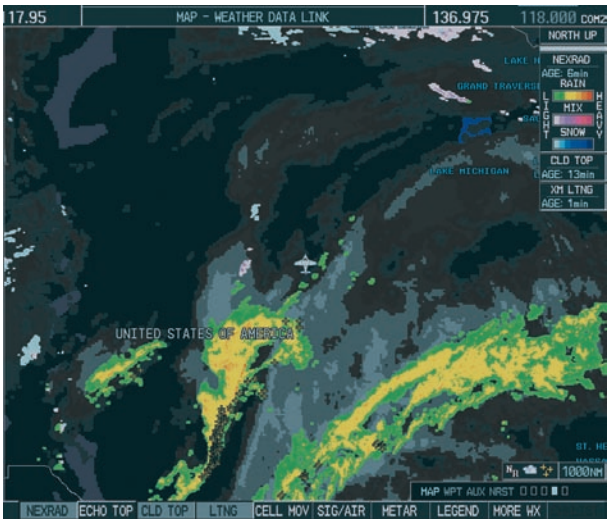


Figure 10-9 Weather Data Link Page

NEXRAD – press the **NEXRAD** softkey to show NEXRAD weather and radar coverage information. Areas where radar coverage is not available will be shown in grayish-purple. The display is updated every five minutes.

NEXRAD Limitations

Certain limitations exist regarding the NEXRAD radar displays. Some, but not all, are listed here:

- NEXRAD base reflectivity does not provide sufficient information to determine cloud layers or precipitation characteristics (hail vs. rain, etc).
- An individual NEXRAD site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges, and has no information about storms directly over the site.
- The resolution of displayed NEXRAD data is 2 kilometers. Therefore, when zoomed in on the display, each square block is 2 kilometers. The intensity level reflected by the square will be the highest level sampled within the 2 kilometer square area.

ECHO TOP – press the **ECHO TOP** softkey to show the location, elevation, and direction the highest radar echo. This may not indicate the top of a storm or clouds, only the highest radar return echo. ECHO TOPS cannot be displayed along with NEXRAD and CLOUD TOPS. When ECHO TOPS is activated, NEXRAD and CLOUD TOPS are removed. Refer to the Legend for a description of the ECHO TOPS coding. The display is updated every 7.5 minutes.

CLD TOP – press the **CLD TOP** softkey to show the cloud top altitude determined from satellite imagery. The display is updated every 15 minutes.

LTNG – pressing the **LTNG** softkey shows the location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. The display is updated every five minutes.

NOTE: *Strikes depicted represent cloud to ground strikes within a 2 km radius of the actual strike location. Therefore, the exact location of the strike is not displayed.*

CELL MOV – pressing the **CELL MOV** softkey shows storm cell movement by displaying an arrow. pointing in the direction of predicted movement. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

SIG/AIR – pressing the **SIG/AIR** softkey shows SIGMET and AIRMET information. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

METAR – press the **METAR** softkey to graphically display METARs. METARS are shown as colored flags at airports providing METAR reports. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

MORE WX – press the **MORE WX** softkey to display the following group of softkeys for additional weather control:

SFC – pressing the **SFC** softkey for Surface Analysis shows current or forecast conditions. Forecasts are available for intervals of Current, 12, 24, 36, and 48 hours. Press the softkey corresponding to the desired forecast. The closest city forecast information is displayed in the legend. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

FRZ LVL – press the **FRZ LVL** softkey to display contour lines for freezing levels. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

WIND – press the **WIND** softkey to show wind speed and direction at a selected altitude from the ground up to 42,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments. After pressing the **WIND** softkey, press the softkey corresponding to the desired winds aloft altitude. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

COUNTY – pressing the **COUNTY** softkey provides specific public awareness and protection weather warnings for Tornado, Severe Thunderstorm, and Flood conditions provided by the National Weather Service (NWS). The display is updated every 5 minutes.

CYCLONE – pressing the **CYCLONE** softkey shows the current location of cyclones (hurricanes and tropical storms) and their projected track at various time intervals. The display is updated every 12 minutes.

Map Panning Information – Weather Data Link Page

1. Push in the **joystick** to display the panning arrow.
2. Move the **joystick** to place the panning arrow on AIRMETs, TFRs, METARs, or SIGMETs. Press the **ENT** key to display pertinent information for the selected product.

   Note that pressing the **ENT** key when panning over an AIRMET or a SIGMET displays an information box that displays the text of the report. Panning over an airport with METAR information does not display more information but allows the user to press the **ENT** key and select that Airport's Information Page to display the text of the report. Pressing the **ENT** key when panning over a TFR displays TFR specific information.

Weather Product Symbols

Figure 10-10 depicts the symbol for each weather product (read from left to right) . When a weather product is active, the product symbol is displayed in the lower right of the screen.

- NEXRAD
- Cloud Top/Echo Top
- XM Lightning
- Cell Movement
- SIGMETs/AIRMETs
- METARs
- City Forecast

- Surface Analysis
- Freezing Levels
- Winds Aloft
- County Warnings
- Cyclone Warnings

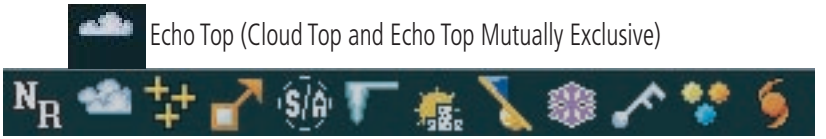


Figure 10-10 Weather Product Symbols

Weather Product Age

The age for each of the enabled products is displayed on the right side of the display. Times are based on Zulu time when the data was assembled on the ground, not the time the data was received by the FIS sensor. When the age of a weather product has exceeded half of the expiration time, the product time will change from light blue to amber in color.

Weather Product	Expires After (minutes)
SIGMETs/AIRMETs	60
City Forecasts	60
County Warnings	60
Cyclone Warnings	60
Echo Tops	30
Freezing Levels	60
METARs	90
Lightning	30
NEXRAD	30
Radar Coverage	30
Cell Movement	30
Surface Analysis	60
TFRs	60
Winds Aloft	90
TAFs	60
Clouds Tops	60

10.4 TRAFFIC INFORMATION SERVICE (TIS)

NOTE: *If the G1000 is configured to use the optional Skywatch Traffic Advisory System, TIS will not be available for use.*

NOTE: *Traffic Information Service (TIS) is only available when the aircraft is within the service volume of a TIS capable terminal radar site.*

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the Map Page Group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the second rectangular page icon.
3. Press the **OPERATE** softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'TIS OPERATIING' is displayed in the Traffic mode field.
4. Press the **STANDBY** softkey to place the system in the Standby mode. 'TIS STANDBY' will be displayed in the Traffic mode field.
5. Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

If data is not received for a period longer than 6 seconds, the age of the present data will be displayed in the lower left of of the screen along with the annuciation that the system has entered Coast mode. The system will maintain the traffic display (up to 60 seconds) until the next data reception. If no data is received after 60 seconds, traffic will be removed from the display.

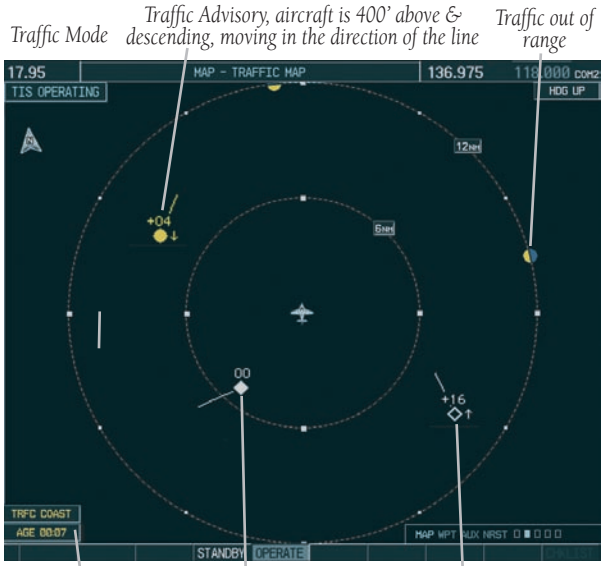

Traffic Mode
Traffic Advisory, aircraft is 400' above & descending, moving in the direction of the line
Traffic out of range
17.95
MAP - TRAFFIC MAP
136.975
TIS OPERATING
HDG UP
12nm
6nm
+04
00
+16
TRFC COAST
AGE 00:07
STANDBY
OPERATE
Last data update is older than 6 sec. resulting in Coast mode
Proximity Traffic at same altitude, level flight & moving in the direction of the line
Traffic 1600' above & climbing, moving in the direction of the line

Figure 10-11 Traffic Map Page

Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

1. Ensure TIS is operating. With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** softkey.
2. Press the **TRAFFIC** softkey. Traffic will now be displayed on the map.

TIS Audio Alert

When a Traffic Advisory (TA) is displayed, an audio alert "Traffic" is given.

"Traffic Not Available" will be heard whenever TIS service becomes unavailable.

10.5 SKYWATCH TRAFFIC ADVISORY SYSTEM (TAS)(OPTIONAL)

Refer to the SkyWatch pilot's guide for a detailed discussion of the SkyWatch system.

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the Map Page Group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the second rectangular page icon.
3. Press the **OPERATE** softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'TAS OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic mode field.
4. Press the **ALT MODE** softkey to change the altitude volume. Select the desired altitude volume by pressing the the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UREST** (unrestricted) softkey. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.
5. Press the **STANDBY** softkey to place the system in the Standby mode. 'TAS STANDBY' will be displayed in the Traffic mode field.
6. Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

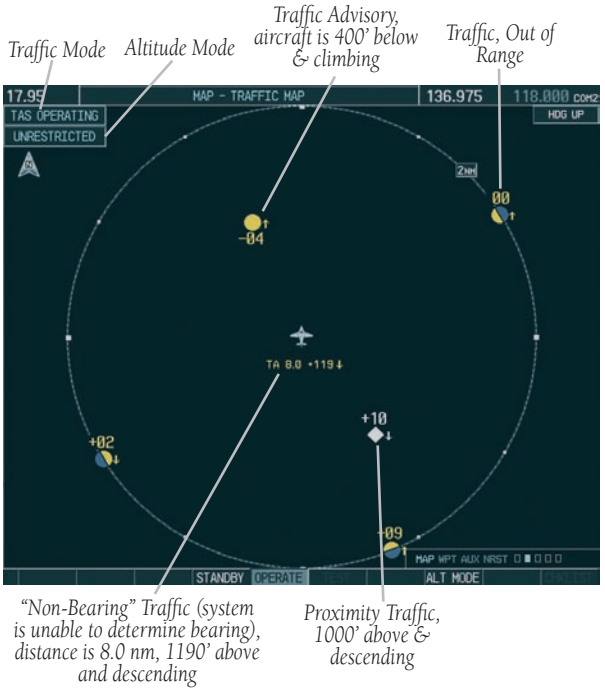


Figure 10-12 Traffic Map Page

Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

1. Ensure the SkyWatch system is operating. With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** softkey.
2. Press the **TRAFFIC** softkey. Traffic will now be displayed on the map.

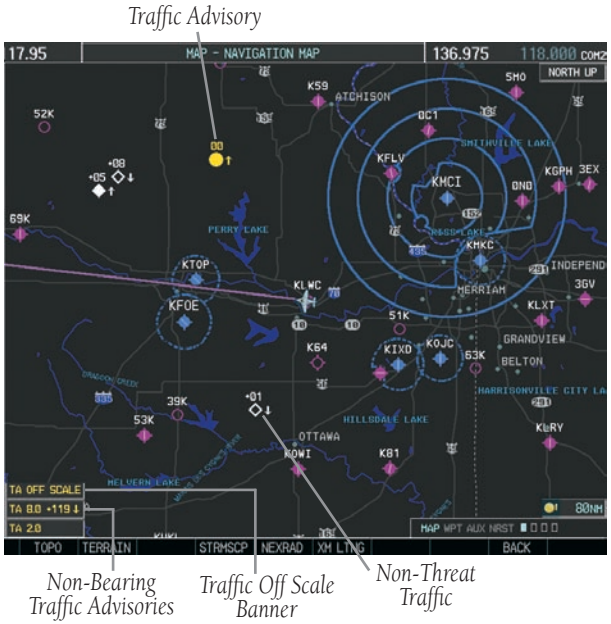


Figure 10-13 TAS Traffic on Navigation Map

10.6 TERRAIN AND OBSTACLE PROXIMITY

NOTE: Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft latitude is greater than 75 degrees (north or south).

Displaying Terrain and Obstacles on the Terrain Proximity Page

1. Turn the **large FMS** knob to select the Map Page Group.
2. Turn the **small FMS** knob to select the last rectangular page icon.
3. If desired, press the **VIEW** softkey to access the **ARC** and **360** softkeys. When the **ARC** softkey is pressed, a radar-like 120° view is displayed. Press the **360** softkey to return to the 360° default display.
4. Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

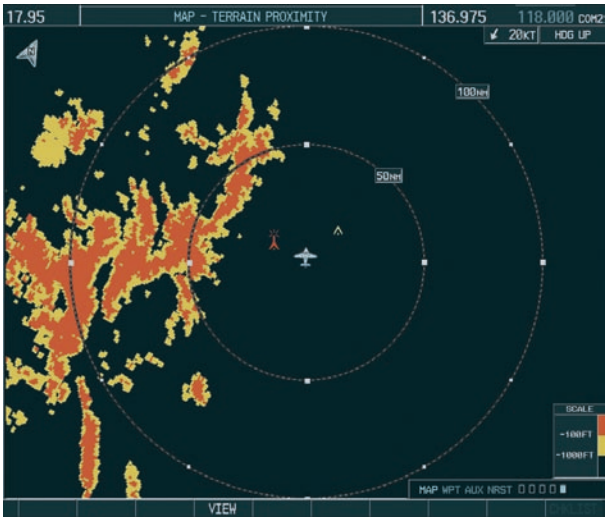
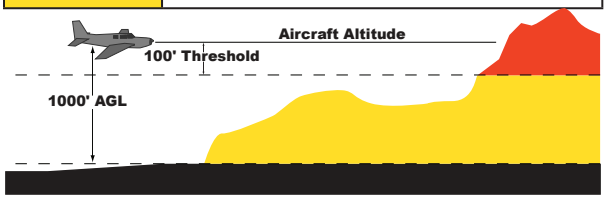


Figure 10-14 Terrain Proximity Page

Color	Indication
RED	WARNING: At or within 100' below the current aircraft altitude.
YELLOW	CAUTION: Between 100' and 1000' below the current aircraft altitude.



Displaying Terrain and Obstacles on the Navigation Map

1. With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** softkey.
2. Press the **TERRAIN** softkey. Terrain and obstacle proximity will now be displayed on the map.

Unlighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1000' AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1000' AGL)	Unlighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1000' AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1000' AGL)

Figure 10-15 Obstacle Symbols

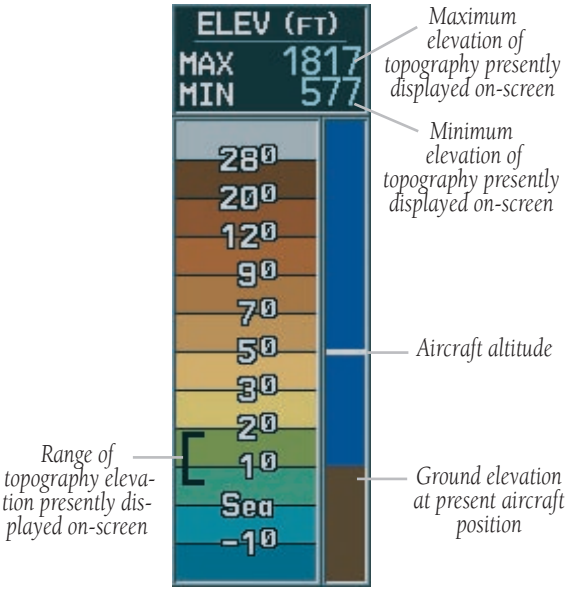


Figure 10-16 Topography Scale

SECTION 11: ABNORMAL OPERATION

11.1 REVERSIONARY MODE

Should a system detected failure occur in either display, the G1000 automatically enters reversionary mode. In reversionary mode, critical flight instrumentation is combined with engine instrumentation on the remaining display. Minimal navigation capability is available on the reversionary mode display.

Reversionary display mode can also be manually activated by the pilot if the system fails to detect a display problem. The reversionary mode is activated manually by pressing the red **DISPLAY BACKUP** button on the bottom of the audio panel (GMA 1347). Pressing the red **DISPLAY BACKUP** button again deactivates reversionary mode.

NOTE: *The Mooney M20M/M20R Airplane Flight Manual and Flight Manual Supplement always takes precedence over the information found in this section.*

Normal PFD Display

Normal MFD Display

MFD in Reversionary Mode

Figure 11-1 G1000 Reversionary Mode: Failed PFD

11.2 ABNORMAL COM OPERATION

When a COM tuning failure is detected by the system, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) is automatically loaded into the active frequency field of the COM radio for which the tuning failure was detected. In the event of a dual display failure, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) automatically becomes the active frequency to the pilot through the pilot headset.

11.3 UNUSUAL ATTITUDES

The PFD will 'declutter' when the aircraft enters an unusual attitude. Only the basic primary functions will be displayed in these situations.

Red extreme pitch warning chevrons pointing toward the horizon are displayed starting at 50 degrees above and 30 degrees below the horizon line.

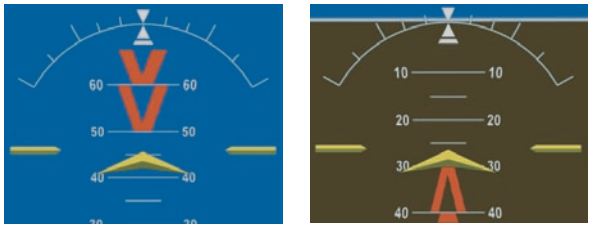


Figure 11-2 Extreme Pitch Indication

SECTION 12: ANNUNCIATIONS & ALERTS

NOTE: *The Airplane Flight Manual Supplement supersedes information found in this document.*

The G1000 Alerting System conveys alerts to the pilot using a combination of the following items:

- **Alerts Window:** The Alerts window displays alert text messages. Up to 64 prioritized alerts can be displayed in the Alerts window. Pressing the **ALERTS** softkey displays the Alerts window. Pressing the **ALERTS** softkey again removes the Alerts window from the display. When the Alerts window is displayed, the pilot may use the **large FMS** knob to scroll through the alert list. Higher priority alerts are displayed at the top of the window. Lower priority alerts are displayed at the bottom of the window.
- **ALERTS Softkey Annunciation**: When the Alerting System issues an alert, the **ALERTS** softkey is used as a flashing annunciation to accompany an alert. During the alert, the **ALERTS** softkey assumes a new label consistent with alert level (WARNING, CAUTION, or ADVISORY). Pressing the softkey annunciation acknowledges that the pilot is aware of the alert. The softkey then returns to the previous **ALERTS** label. The pilot can then press the **ALERTS** softkey again to view alert text messages.
- **System Annunciations**: Typically, a large red 'X' appears in a window when a related LRU fails or detects invalid data.
- **Audio Alerting System:** The G1000 system issues audio alert tones when specific system conditions are met. See the Alert Levels Definitions section for more information.

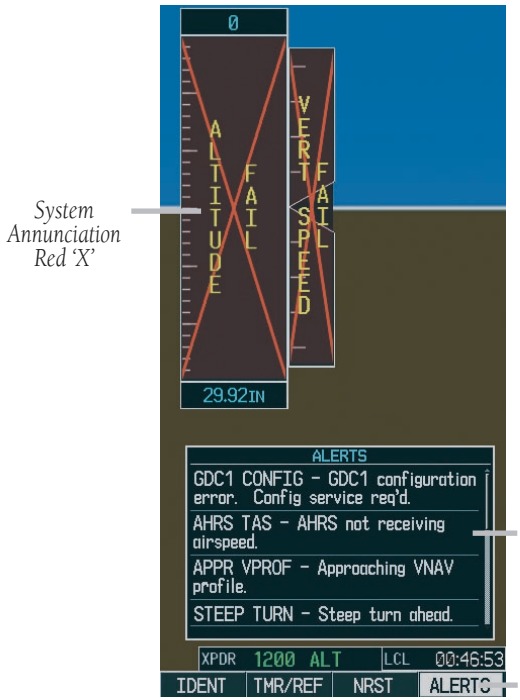


Figure 12-1 G1000 Alerting System

12.1 ALERT LEVEL DEFINITIONS

The G1000 Alerting System, as installed in Mooney M20M and M20R aircraft, uses one alert level.

- **MESSAGE ADVISORY:** This level of alert provides general information to the pilot. A message advisory alert does not issue annunciations in the Annunciation window. Instead, message advisory alerts only issue a flashing **ADVISORY** softkey annunciation, as shown in Figure 12-2. Pressing the **ADVISORY** softkey acknowledges the presence of the message advisory alert and displays the alert text message in the Alerts window.

Figure 12-2 ADVISORY Softkey Annunciation

12.2 M20M/M20R AIRCRAFT ALERTS

The following alerts are configured specifically for the Mooney M20M and M20R aircraft. See the Mooney M20M/M20R Flight Manual Supplement for information regarding pilot responses.

Voice Alerts

Voice Alert	Alert Trigger
"Check Gear"	Played when landing gear remain in the 'Up' position, and the pilot retards the throttle to within 1/4" of Idle.
"Stall"	Played when a stall is detected.

Message Advisory Alerts

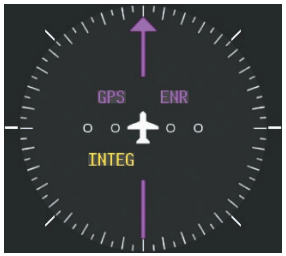
Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
PFD FAN FAIL – The cooling fan for the PFD is inoperative.	None
MFD FAN FAIL – The cooling fan for the MFD is inoperative.	None
GIA FAN FAIL – The cooling fan for the GIAs is inoperative.	None

12.3 G1000 SYSTEM ANNUNCIATIONS

When an LRU or an LRU function fails, a large red 'X' is typically displayed on windows associated with the failed data. The following section describes various system annunciations. Refer to the Aircraft Flight Manual for additional information regarding pilot responses to these annunciations.

NOTE: *Upon power-up of the G1000 system, certain windows remain invalid as G1000 equipment begins to initialize. All windows should be operational within one minute of power-up. Should any window continue to remain flagged, the G1000 system should be serviced by a Garmin-authorized repair facility.*

System Annunciation	Comment
	Attitude and Heading Reference System is aligning.
	Display system is not receiving attitude information from the AHRS.
	Display system is not receiving airspeed input from air data computer.

System Annunciation	Comment
	Display is not receiving altitude input from the air data computer.
	Display is not receiving vertical speed input from the air data computer.
	Display is not receiving valid heading input from AHRS.
	GPS information is either not present or is invalid for navigation use. Note that AHRS utilizes GPS inputs during normal operation. AHRS operation may be degraded if GPS signals are not present (see POH).
	Display is not receiving valid transponder information.
Other Various Red X Indications	A red 'X' through any other display field, such as engine instrumentation fields, indicates that the field is not receiving valid data.

Voice Alerts

Voice Alert	Alert Trigger
"Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued (TIS system).
"Traffic Not Available"	Played when the traffic system fails or cannot communicate (TIS system).
"Traffic, Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued (Skywatch TAS system).
"Traffic Advisory System Test Passed"	Played when the TAS system passes a pilot-initiated self test.
"Traffic Advisory System Test Failed"	Played when the TAS system fails a pilot-initiated self test.

Audio Alerts

Audio Alert	Alert Trigger
Altitude Alert Chime	When aircraft altitude reaches the reference altitude threshold (+/- 1,000 ft of reference altitude).
	When aircraft altitude reaches or goes beyond the reference altitude deviation limit (+/-200 ft of reference altitude).
	When aircraft elevation reaches the reference altitude.

A red 'X' may be the result of an LRU or an LRU function failure. The Figure 12-3 illustrates all possible flags and the responsible LRUs.

12.4 G1000 SYSTEM MESSAGE ADVISORIES

This section describes various G1000 system message advisories. Certain messages are issued due to an LRU or an LRU function failure. Such messages are normally accompanied by a corresponding red 'X' annunciation as shown previously in the G1000 System Annunciation section.

NOTE: *This Section provides information regarding G1000 message advisories that may be displayed by the system. Knowledge of the aircraft, systems, flight conditions, and other existing operational priorities must be considered when responding to a message. Always use sound pilot judgment. The Aircraft Flight Manual takes precedence over any conflicting guidance found in this section.*

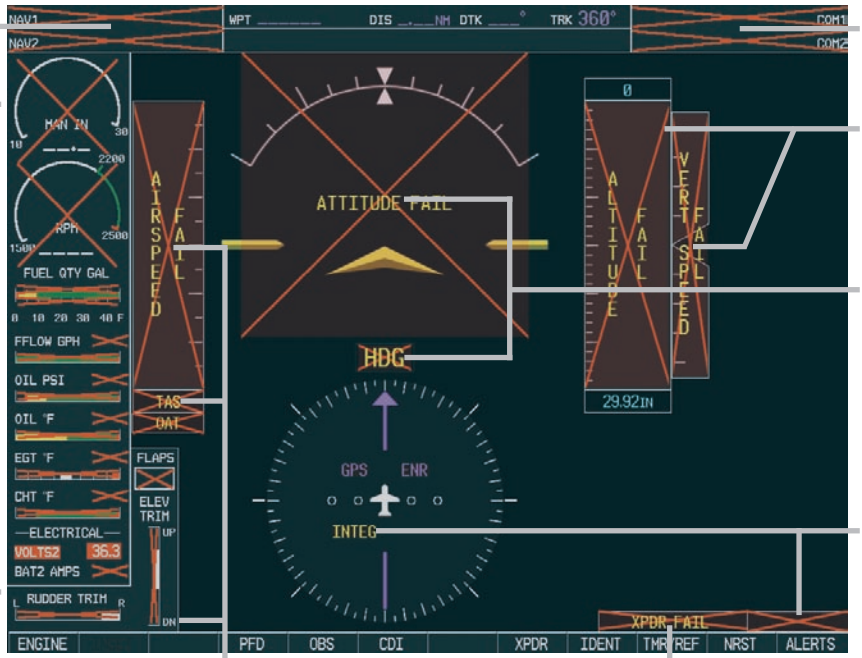


Figure 12-3 G1000 System Failure Annunciations

MFD & PFD Message Advisories

Message	Comments
DATA LOST – Pilot stored data was lost. Recheck settings.	The pilot profile data was lost. System reverts to default pilot profile and settings. The pilot may reconfigure the MFD & PFD with preferred settings, if desired.
XTALK ERROR – A flight display crosstalk error has occurred.	The MFD and PFD are not communicating with each other. The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 SERVICE – PFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The PFD and/or MFD self-test has detected a problem. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 SERVICE – MFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
PFD1 CONFIG – PFD1 configuration error. Config service req'd.	The PFD and/or MFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 CONFIG – MFD1 configuration error. Config service req'd.	
SW MISMATCH – GDU software mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The MFD and PFD have different software versions installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – PFD1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The PFD and/or MFD has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – MFD1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	
PFD1 COOLING – PFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	The PFD and/or MFD is overheating and is reducing power consumption by dimming the display. If problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
MFD1 COOLING – MFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	
PFD1 "KEY" KEYSTK – Key is stuck.	A key is stuck on the PFD and/or MFD bezel. Attempt to free the stuck key by pressing it several times. The G1000 system should be serviced if the problem persists.
MFD1 "KEY" KEYSTK – Key is stuck.	
CNFG MODULE – PFD1 configuration module is inoperative.	The PFD configuration module backup memory has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

Database Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 aviation database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the aviation database. Attempt to reload the aviation database. If problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 aviation database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 basemap database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the basemap database.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 basemap database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the terrain database. Ensure that the terrain card is properly inserted in display. Replace terrain card. If problem persists, The G1000 system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 terrain database error exists.	
DB MISMATCH – Aviation database version mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different aviation database versions installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct aviation database version in both displays.
DB MISMATCH – Aviation database type mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different aviation database types installed (Americas, European, etc.). Crossfill is off. Install correct aviation database type in both displays.
DB MISMATCH – Basemap database version mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different basemap database versions installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct basemap database version in both displays.
DB MISMATCH – Terrain database version mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database versions installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct terrain database version in both displays.
DB MISMATCH – Terrain database type mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database types installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct terrain database type in both displays.
DB MISMATCH – Obstacle database version mismatch. Xtalk is off	The PFD and MFD have different obstacle database versions installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct obstacle database version in both displays.

GMA 1347 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
GMA1 FAIL – GMA1 is inoperative.	The audio panel self-test has detected a failure. The audio panel is unavailable. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GMA1 CONFIG – GMA1 configuration error. Config service req'd.	The audio panel configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GMA1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The audio panel has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GMA1 SERVICE – GMA1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The audio panel self-test has detected a problem in the unit. Certain audio functions may still be available, and the audio panel may still be usable. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
BACKUP PATH – Audio panel using backup data path.	The audio panel is using a backup communication path. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.

GIA 63 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
GIA1 CONFIG – GIA1 configuration error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 CONFIG – GIA2 configuration error. Config service req'd.	
GIA1 COOLING – GIA1 temperature too low.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too low to operate correctly. Allow units to warm up to operating temperature.
GIA2 COOLING – GIA2 temperature too low.	
GIA1 COOLING – GIA1 over temperature.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too high. If problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 COOLING – GIA2 over temperature.	
GIA1 SERVICE – GIA1 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 self-test has detected a problem in the unit. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GIA2 SERVICE – GIA2 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	

GIA 63 Message Advisories (Cont.)

Alerts Window Message	Comments
MANIFEST – GIA1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The GIA1 and/or GIA 2 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GIA2 software mismatch. Communication halted.	
COM1 TEMP – COM1 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	The system has detected an over temperature condition in COM1 and/or COM2. The transmitter will operate at reduced power. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 TEMP – COM2 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	
COM1 SERVICE – COM1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The system has detected a failure in COM1 and/or COM2. COM1 and/or COM2 may still be usable. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
COM2 SERVICE – COM2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
COM1 PTT – COM1 push-to-talk key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 external push-to-talk switch is stuck in the enable (or "pressed") position. Press the PTT switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 PTT – COM2 push-to-talk key is stuck.	
COM1 RMT XFR – COM1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") position. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
COM2 RMT XFR – COM2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
RAIM UNAVAIL – RAIM is not available from FAF to MAP waypoints.	GPS satellite coverage is insufficient to perform Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring (RAIM) from the FAF to the MAP waypoints.
RAIM UNAVAIL – RAIM is not available.	GPS satellite coverage is insufficient to perform Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring (RAIM) for the current phase of flight.
POSN ERROR – RAIM has determined GPS position is in error.	When a RAIM position error is detected, GPS is flagged and the system no longer provides GPS-based guidance.
DGRD GPS ACC – GPS position accuracy degraded & RAIM unavailable.	GPS position accuracy has been degraded and RAIM is not available.
GPS1 FAIL – GPS1 is inoperative.	A failure has been detected in the GPS1 and/or GPS2 receiver. The receiver is unavailable. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GPS2 FAIL – GPS2 is inoperative.	

GIA 63 Message Advisories (Cont.)

Alerts Window Message	Comments
GPS1 SERVICE – GPS1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the GPS1 and/or GPS2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GPS2 SERVICE – GPS2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
NAV1 SERVICE – NAV1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the NAV1 and/or NAV2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The G1000 system should be serviced.
NAV2 SERVICE – NAV2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
NAV1 RMTXFR – NAV1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote NAV1 and/or NAV2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") state. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the G1000 system should be serviced.
NAV2 RMTXFR – NAV2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
G/S1 FAIL – G/S1 is inoperative.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The G1000 system should be serviced.
G/S2 FAIL – G/S2 is inoperative.	
G/S1 SERVICE – G/S1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The receiver may still be available. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
G/S2 SERVICE – G/S2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	

GEA 71 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
GEA1 CONFIG – GEA1 configuration error. Config service req'd.	The GEA 71 configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GEA1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The GEA 71 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
BACKUP PATH – EIS using backup data path.	The GEA 71 is using a backup communication path. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.

GTX 33 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
XPDR1 CONFIG – XPDR1 config error. Config service req'd.	The transponder configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GTX1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The transponder has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
BACKUP PATH – Transponder using backup data path.	The transponder is using a backup communications path. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.

GRS 77 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
AHRS TAS – AHRS not receiving airspeed.	The AHRS is not receiving true airspeed from the air data computer. The AHRS relies on GPS information to augment the lack of airspeed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS GPS – AHRS using backup GPS source.	The AHRS is using the backup GPS path. Primary GPS path has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
AHRS GPS – AHRS not receiving GPS information.	The AHRS is not receiving any or any useful GPS information. Check AFMS limitations. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS GPS – AHRS not receiving backup GPS information.	The AHRS is not receiving backup GPS information. The G1000 system should be serviced.
AHRS GPS – AHRS operating exclusively in no-GPS mode.	The AHRS is operating exclusively in no-GPS mode. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GRS1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The AHRS has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
BACKUP PATH – AHRS using backup data path.	The AHRS is using a backup communications data path. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.
AHRS SERVICE – AHRS Magnetic-field model needs update.	The AHRS earth magnetic field model is out of date. Update magnetic field model when practical.
GEO LIMITS – Too far North/South, no magnetic compass.	The aircraft is outside geographical limits for approved AHRS operation. Heading is flagged as invalid.

GMU 44 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
HDG FAULT – A magnetometer fault has occurred.	A fault has occurred in the GMU 44. Heading is flagged as invalid. The AHRS uses GPS for backup mode operation. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GMU1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The GMU 44 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

GDL 69 Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
GDL69 CONFIG – GDL 69 configuration error. Config service req'd.	GDL 69 configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
GDL69 FAIL – GDL 69 has failed.	A failure has been detected in the GDL 69. The receiver is unavailable. The G1000 system should be serviced

GDC 74A Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
GDC1 CONFIG – GDC1 configuration error. Config service req'd.	GDC 74A configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GDC1 software mismatch. Communication halted.	The GDC 74A has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
BACKUP PATH – Airdata using backup data path.	The GDC 74A is using a backup communications data path. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.

Miscellaneous Message Advisories

Alerts Window Message	Comments
FPL WPT LOCK – Flight plan waypoint is locked.	Upon power-up, the G1000 system detects that a stored flight plan waypoint is locked. This occurs when an aviation database update eliminates an obsolete waypoint. The flight plan cannot find the specified waypoint and flags this message. This can also occur with user waypoints in a flight plan that is deleted. Remove the waypoint from the flight plan if it no longer exists in any database, OR update the waypoint name/identifier to reflect the new information.
FPL WPT MOVE – Flight plan waypoint moved.	The system has detected that a waypoint coordinate has changed due to a new aviation database update. Verify that stored flight plans contain correct waypoint locations.
TIMER EXPIRD – Timer has expired.	The system notifies the pilot that the timer has expired.
DB CHANGE – Database changed. Verify user modified procedures.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains procedures that have been manually edited. This alert is issued only after an aviation database update. Verify that the user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct and up to date.
FPL TRUNC – Flight plan has been truncated.	This occurs when a newly installed aviation database eliminates an obsolete approach or arrival used by a stored flight plan. The obsolete procedure is removed from the flight plan. Update flight plan with current arrival or approach.
APPR VPROF – Approaching VNAV profile.	Aircraft is approaching VNAV profile. Prepare to climb or descend to meet VNAV profile.
APPR TRG ALT – Approaching target altitude.	Aircraft is approaching target altitude. Prepare to level aircraft.
LOCKED FPL – Cannot navigate locked flight plan.	This occurs when the pilot attempts to activate a stored flight plan that contains locked waypoint. Remove locked waypoint from flight plan. Update flight plan with current waypoint.
WPT ARRIVAL – Arriving at waypoint -[xxxx]	Arriving at waypoint [xxxx], where [xxxx] is the waypoint name.
STEEP TURN – Steep turn ahead.	A steep turn is 15 seconds ahead. Prepare to turn.
INSIDE ARSPC – Inside airspace.	The aircraft is inside the airspace.
ARSPC AHEAD – Airspace ahead less than 10 minutes.	Special use airspace is ahead of aircraft. The aircraft will penetrate the airspace within 10 minutes.
ARSPC NEAR – Airspace near and ahead.	Special use airspace is near and ahead of the aircraft position.

Miscellaneous Message Advisories (Cont.)

Alerts Window Message	Comments
ARSPC NEAR – Airspace near – less than 2 nm.	Special use airspace is within 2 nm of the aircraft position.
LEG UNSMOOTH – Flight plan leg will not be smooth.	The approaching flight plan waypoints are too close to allow for smooth turns. Prepare for steep turns ahead and expect noticeable course deviations.
APPR INACTV – Approach is not active.	The system notifies the pilot that the loaded approach is not active. Activate approach when required.
SLCT AUTOSEQ – Select auto sequence mode.	The system notifies the pilot to select auto-sequence mode. Press the OBS softkey to deactivate the OBS mode.
SLCT FREQ – Select appropriate frequency for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to load the approach frequency for the appropriate NAV receiver. Select the correct frequency for the approach.
SLCT NAV – Select NAV on CDI for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver. Set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver.
NO WGS84 WPT – Non WGS 84 waypoint for navigation -[xxxx]	The selected waypoint [xxxx] does not use the WGS 84 datum. Cross-check position with alternate navigation sources.
TRAFFIC FAIL – Traffic device has failed.	The traffic information system TIS has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
STRMSCP FAIL – Stormscope has failed.	Stormscope has failed. The G1000 system should be serviced.
BACKUP PATH – Stormscope using backup path.	Stormscope is using the backup communication path. The G1000 system should be serviced when possible.

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